ANNUAL SURVEY REPORT ON CONDITION OF SOUTHERN CONNECTOR TOLL ROAD

Interstate 185 - Toll

Greenville County, South Carolina

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Prepared For: Connector 2000 Association, Inc







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1 INTRODUCTION



Bridge 185-117: I-185 NB over I-85

[2024]

The Southern Connector Toll Road was completed in early 2001 and opened to traffic in February of that year. The Connector 2000 Association contracted Benesch in 2024 to conduct a maintenance condition survey (inspection) of the roadway and bridges as part of the requirements under their Master Indenture. The condition survey performed by Benesch took place March 28-30, 2024, and focused primarily on condition of the pavement and bridges. The survey also included assessment of drainage, roadway slopes, signs, and traffic appurtenances along the project.

The Southern Connector Toll Road includes 43 bridge structures from the I-385/I-185 & I-85/I-185 Interchanges and all freeway bridges and overpasses along the I-185 corridor between I-385 and I-85. Table 1 in this report provides a list and description of the 43 bridge structures covered in this condition assessment. Figure 1 shows the limits of the Southern Connector and identifies the location of each of the 43 bridges and the two toll plazas located on the Southern Connector Toll Road.

The bridge numbering system used to identify the bridge structures begins at the eastern I-385 end of the Southern Connector. The bridges along I-185 are numbered consecutively based on a north-south direction of travel leading from I-385 to the junction with I-85 in Greenville. The identifier for dual bridges on I-185 begins with "1" for the northbound (NB) direction and "3" for the southbound (SB) direction.



For example, the I-185 dual bridges over Ranch Road are numbered 185-103 for the northbound direction and 185-303 for the southbound direction. Bridges for overpasses and ramps over I-185 are based on the number of the crossroad assigned by SCDOT.

Benesch contacted the South Carolina Department of Transportation (SCDOT) Bridge Maintenance personnel in District 3 (Greenville, SC) to obtain copies of the latest bridge inspection reports prepared by SCDOT. The SCDOT Bridge Inspection Program requires that all statewide public road bridges longer than 20 feet undergo a specific level of inspection on a biennial basis. These inspections are a requirement of the program administered by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) through the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) under Title 23 of the United States Federal Code of Laws. SCDOT maintains a database of the NBIS reports as these are the official records to locate and evaluate existing bridge deficiencies. Benesch was able to obtain a copy of the latest NBIS inspection records for inspections performed by SCDOT in 2022. No structure received an NBI Condition value of 6 or below, meaning all these bridge structures are considered to be in satisfactory or better condition. Only structures having an NBI condition value of 4 or less are structurally deficient.

Benesch's condition assessment is not intended to be as detailed as the NBIS inspections conducted by SCDOT and does not rate the bridge structural components but is limited to observation of each bridge to look for components that may need maintenance or repair as necessary to maintain public safety. We have also highlighted current deficiencies that may potentially result in a more costly repair if not addressed soon. This report primarily assesses the structural conditions of the bridge deck, superstructure, substructure, joints, bearings and approach pavement condition. An overall pavement assessment was performed for all northbound and southbound segments of I-185 along the Southern Connector Toll Road.



Bridge 185-317: I-185 SB. over I-85

[2024]



TABLE 1: SOUTHERN CONNECTOR BRIDGE IDENTIFICATION

NBIS Bridge #	Description
185-171	I-185 Ramp 9 over I-385
185-001	I-185 NB & SB over SC 417
185-002	I-185 NB & SB over US 276 Ramp 11, Ramp 2 & Railroad
276-002	US 276 EB over I-185 Ramp 2
185-271	I-185 Ramp 3 over East Standing Springs Road
276-271	US 276 EB over East Standing Springs Road
S-144-001	Neely Ferry Road over I-185 NB & SB
S-316-004	Log Shoals Road over I-185 NB & SB
185-103	I-185 NB over Ranch Road
185-303	I-185 SB over Ranch Road
185-104	I-185 NB over Reedy River
185-304	I-185 SB over Reedy River
S-84-001	Standing Springs Road over I-185 NB & SB
S-146-001	Fork Shoals Road over I-185 NB & SB
185-105	I-185 NB over Huff Creek
185-305	I-185 SB over Huff Creek
185-106	I-185 NB over Reedy Fork Road
185-306	I-185 SB over Reedy Fork Road
185-107	I-185 NB over Lost Swamp Road
185-307	I-185 SB over Lost Swamp Road
185-108	I-185 NB over Future Railroad
185-308	I-185 SB over Future Railroad
185-109	I-185 NB over Flora Louise Drive
185-309	I-185 SB over Flora Louise Drive
S-25-001	US 25 over I-185 NB & SB
185-110	I-185 NB over Grove Creek Tributary
185-310	I-185 SB over Grove Creek Tributary
185-111	I-185 NB over Grove Creek
185-311	I-185 SB over Grove Creek
185-112	I-185 NB over SC 20
185-312	I-185 SB over SC 20
185-113	I-185 NB over NS & CSX RR
185-313	I-185 SB over NS & CSX RR
185-1271	Ramp onto I-185 NB over NS & CSX RR
185-1272	Ramp off I-185 SB over NS & CSX RR
185-114	I-185 NB over SC 153
185-314	I-185 SB over SC 153
185-115	I-185 NB over Stables Road
185-315	I-185 SB over Stables Road
185-316	I-185 SB over I-85 NB Ramp (Line 2)
185-117	I-185 NB over I-85
185-317	I-185 SB over I-85
185-118	I-185 NB over I-185 SB Ramp (Line 7)



FIGURE 1: BRIDGE LOCATION MAP



Connector 2000 Association, Inc. | Interstate 185-Toll | 4

2 CONDITION ASSESSMENT OVERVIEW

The assessment Benesch performed in March 2024 consisted of walking over, under, and around each of the 43 bridge sites to perform a visual inspection of the different bridge elements as could be best accessed by foot. The bridge elements assessed included the bridge deck, joints, barrier rail, girders, substructure components, slope protection and drainage features. The assessment of roadway features consisted of a drive through and observation of roadway conditions visible from a vehicle. A more in-depth review was performed at the bridge approaches while assessing the bridge structures. The roadway assessment focused on the general condition of the pavement, along with checking for issues with the surface drainage, surface erosion, guardrails, traffic signs, pavement markers and pavement striping.

Benesch has referenced the Annual Survey Reports prepared in prior years to document changes at each bridge site, with special consideration given to locations documented in prior years' reports as needing attention to restore and maintain serviceability or prevent further deterioration. SCDOT has performed many repairs over the past few years to address drainage issues at many of the bridge sites and repaired bridge components that directly impact rideability and driver safety. Repairs have included adding flumes or pipes alongside the roadway shoulder at the low end of the bridge approach to divert storm water runoff away from the structure. Details of two types of drainage improvements are summarized on the following two pages as: (1) pipe slope drains per SCDOT Standard Drawing 803-105-00 & (2) paved asphalt flumes per SCDOT Standard Drawing 403-210-00.

Other repairs have included replacing a 12 to 18-inch wide segment of asphalt along the entire length of the transverse joint at each end of the bridge approach slab with a flexible asphalt binder as shown below. In past assessments, these locations have deteriorated and spalled at most of the bridge sites; these repairs have improved safety as a user transitions from the paved approach to the bridge riding surface. During the 2024 inspection we did not encounter any new joint patching at any of the bridge structures.



Typical asphalt joint repair





SCDOT Std. 803-105-00, 12" Slope Drain (Metal Intake Spillway Assembly)





SCDOT Std. 403-210-00, HMA Surface Course (Ditch Paving & Flume)



In addition to the joint repairs made to many of the sites over the past years, SCDOT has continued to make improvements to:

- 1. Eroded and undermined conditions previously noted at the corners of the interface between approach slabs and end bent backwall/wingwalls using a Flowable Fill or expanding poly-foam material to fill voided areas.
- 2. Eroded areas along the top of Mechanically Stabilized Earth (MSE) walls that wrap around the bridge end bents using a combination of the expanding poly-foam material to seal cracks and openings within the MSE wall and applying an asphalt binder topping at the surface to further prevent water infiltration.
- 3. Swales alongside the bridge approaches that tie into drainage flumes/funnels.

An itemized list of key observations made during the 2024 condition survey is summarized in Section 3.1, Southern Connector Bridge Site Repairs, on a bridge-by-bridge basis. A few common issues noted at many of the bridge sites that could become a safety concern over time include:

- 1. Spalling at the joints at both the beginning and end of the approach slab and at the deflection joint where the approach slab ties into the integral end bents.
- 2. Various types of cracking of the asphalt overlay covering the concrete approach slabs.
- 3. Erosion issues adjacent to the approach slabs, end bents and/or concrete slope protection. During the March 2024 inspection, the striping was observed to be in good condition.



3 BRIDGE CONDITION SURVEY

A brief description of the condition assessment findings and discussion of appropriate preventive maintenance and repairs is presented below. Benesch's visual inspection specifically targeted the condition of primary bridge features such as the bridge decks, approach slabs, barrier rails, beams, joints, bearings, end bents and bents.

Each bridge is constructed with a concrete approach slab 20 feet in length, with one end resting on top of the end bent backwall or seat. The other end of the approach slab sits on the roadway sub-grade. The concrete approach slab is constructed so the surface of the slab is 1½ inches lower than the bridge deck, allowing 1½ inches of asphalt pavement to be placed on top of the concrete slab to provide a smooth interface and riding surface. This arrangement creates a joint between the bridge deck and the approach slab, and a second joint between the approach slab end and the full-depth asphalt pavement. Because the bridges generally have integral end bents, expansion of the bridge occurs at the ends of the approach slabs where cracks form in the pavement. These cracks have typically been sawn out and waterproof seals poured in the gap to prevent water from seeping into the sub-grade and eroding support for the concrete approach slab. The joints need to be inspected and filled periodically to resist leaking.

Integral bent and integral end bent substructures were utilized for most of the bridges constructed along the Southern Connector. The use of integral connections eliminates expansion joints and reduces maintenance costs associated with them due to deterioration of the expansion material and resulting leakage. A deflection joint is located between the integral end bent and approach slab. At many of the bridge sites, the relatively thin asphalt overlay on top of the approach slab has started to crack and delaminate at this deflection joint. The elastomeric joint filler at this deflection joint has deteriorated leaving the joint more susceptible to water infiltration and further damage to the concrete substructure and/or approach slab during freeze/thaw cycles. For reference, the following SCDOT standard details are provided to help illustrate the components of a typical integral end bent and deflection joint detail.

Integral bents and end bents were not feasible for some of the longer or heavily skewed bridges at the I-385 and I-85 interchanges. These bridges received expansion joints at the bridge ends of either a compression joint seal or strip seal variety as illustrated in the following SCDOT standard details. During past condition surveys, we have encountered rainy weather which allowed us to better understand the condition of several bridges with expansion joints. Water intrusion was noted at several expansion joints at the I-85 interchange bridges. Runoff was visibly pouring through the expansion joints and onto the bearing seat of the substructure below these joint locations during previous inspections. As a result of this water intrusion, the service life of the bearing assemblies may be shortened due to corrosion and weathering associated with the bearings being in frequent contact with moisture.





Items noted during the condition survey that directly affect rideability include settlement of the approach slab, consolidation of the approach embankment, cracks in the asphalt pavement and/or approach slab, deterioration of the joint seals, surface water intrusion around the bridge wing walls, and voids under the approach slab. The settlement of the approach slab or approach embankment causes a dip in the pavement surface, which can result in a noticeable bounce when large SUV type vehicles or trucks cross the bridge. In several locations, the voids observed under the approach slab are much deeper than expected from normal consolidation settlements in the subsurface soil strata. These voids appeared to have been caused by erosion where the slabs are undermined by the intrusion of surface water around the approach slabs and end bent wing walls.

Specific conditions relating to the bridge superstructure or substructure that need attention are mostly associated with storm water runoff infiltration around bridge ends and erosion and settlement of the approach fills. The primary deficiencies noted at bridge approaches were consolidation and settlement of embankments and underlying soils below the bridge approach slab, surface water infiltration at the joints, and erosion at the end bent wing walls. Over the years, the cycle of water infiltration and erosion at the bridge approaches has resulted in undermining adjacent to and below the approach slab. The undermining has then caused settlement at the approaches which has led to uneven pavement and poor rideability at these locations.

Furthermore, the following bridge sites discussed in Section 3.1 are believed to have issues that require closer monitoring and additional review from SCDOT, potentially requiring sooner repair.

3.1 Southern Connector Bridge Site Repairs

<u>185-171 – I-185 Ramp 9 over I-385</u>

There is significant debris piling up in the shoulders of the joints at both ends of the bridge. As debris continues to fill in the joint there is risk of the expansion material splitting resulting in leakage onto the end bent and bearings. See photo #1. The 4-inch-thick concrete layer previously added to the top of far MSE wall is still intact and functioning as intended. See photo #2. Severe erosion is occurring along the base of the MSE wall adjacent to I-385 at the trailing end of the bridge. Multiple block panels have broken off from the wall at this location and are missing. As a result, there is a significant gap forming between the MSE wall block panels with sediment backfill flowing out the gaps. See photo #3. A large tree was previously growing on the top of the MSE wall at trailing end of the bridge, it has since grown back. See photo #4. Both delineators at the leading end of the bridge have lost their retroreflective quality.

<u>185-001 – I-185 over SC 417</u>

Severe block cracking and potholes were noted along the asphalt just before the approach slabs at each end of the bridge. See photo #5. There are multiple spalls in the median rail at both ends of the bridge. See photos #6-#7. Heavy vegetation growth has been cut and is dead along the MSE wall. See photo #8. At the northeast corner of the bridge, there is a large hole underneath the drainage flume and the drainage flume is partially clogged with debris. See photo #9. Cracks are beginning to form at the bridge joints with vegetation growing in the shoulders. See photo #10. There are multiple guardrail post blocks that are damaged or completely missing at the southwest approach. See photo #11. The delineator at the southwest corner has lost its retroreflective quality.



185-002 - I-185 NB & SB over US 276 Ramp 11, Ramp 2 & Railroad

The NB bridge approach end has several defects: clogged drainage flume, loose guardrail anchorage bolt, and undermining of the approach slab. See photos #12-#14. The expansion joints at both ends of the bridge have significant debris buildup throughout the entire length of the joint and tears are beginning to develop. See photo #15. The NB bridge trailing slope protection was previously repaired for the entire length and is still in good condition. Spall repair on the north side of the last interior bent column on the NB bridge is beginning to delaminate. The NB bridge trailing end has 4 inch shoulder settlement and cracking adjacent to the catch basin. See photos #16-#17. At the top of the northwest slope protection corner, there is large cracking with settlement occurring. See photo #18.

276-002 – US 276 EB over East Standing Springs Rd.

Transverse cracks are still present at both approaches. At the approach end of the bridge, there is a clogged drainage inlet. See photo #19. At the concrete slope protection at both ends of the bridge, there are areas of undermining with cracking and heavy vegetation growth. See photo #20. There is guardrail damage to the rail and post at the trailing end of the bridge. See photo #21.

185-271 – Ramp 3 over East Standing Springs Rd.

There is a loose guardrail attachment bolt at the leading end of the bridge. Cracks at end of south approach are still present. Areas of undermining of the slope protection with full depth cracks. See photo #22. Joint cracks in the shoulders with vegetation growth. See photo #23. Both delineators have lost their retroreflective coating.

276-271 – US 276 EB over East Standing Springs Rd.

North and south approach roadways were paved prior to 2023, cracks are still present at the ends of the approach. See photo #24. Heavy vegetation on both slopes protections. See photo #25.

S-144-001 – Neely Ferry Road over I-185 & US 276 Access Ramps

There are full depth cracks at the end of the approach slabs in the shoulders at both ends of the bridge. See photos #26-#27. The slope protection along both berms has been repaired; however, there are small cracks already forming at the top of the berms and at the bottom. See photo #28. At the top of the slope protection, there are multiple areas of undermining due to animal dwellings. See photo #29. At the northwest corner, the flume has 6 inch settlement. See photo #30.

S-316-004 – Logs Shoals Road over I-185 NB & SB

Previous gaps in MSE wall have been covered with a 4 inch thick concrete layer, coating is in good condition. See photo #31. There are also several missing blocks on top of the same MSE wall. See photo #32. There was approximately 5 feet of missing control access fencing adjacent to the bridge where the 4 inch thick concrete was placed on the MSE wall. There was severe erosion with rutting in the side slopes at the northeast quadrant approximately 30 feet from the bridge. See photo #33.

185-103 & 185-303 - I-185 NB & SB over Ranch Road

Bridge 185-103 has block and longitudinal cracking with potholes occurring near both approach slabs. See photos #34-#35. Up to 2 inch settlement is occurring at the bottom of the concrete slope protection with heavy vegetation growth. See photo #36. Bridge 185-303 has cracking up to 1 inch wide on both approach slab joints. See photo



#37. Cracking and 1 inch settlement occurring along concrete slope protection. See photo #38. There is a section of control access fencing missing and damaged segments at both ends of the bridge. See photo #39.

<u>185-104 – I-185 NB over Reedy River</u>

The trailing end guardrail terminal has moderate impact damage. See photo #40. Moderate block and longitudinal cracking with potholes in both approach roadways. See photo #41. Deterioration of the approach slab joint. See photo #42. The joints at both ends of the bridge are deteriorated adjacent to the deck forming large holes in the shoulders and complete separation along the travel lanes. See photo #43. Approach slabs at both ends of the bridge have bumps due to settlement. See photo #44. Previously placed stream bank stabilization is slowly washing away. See photo #45.

185-304 - I-185 NB over Reedy River

Moderate block cracking with longitudinal cracking in both approach roadways. See photo #46. The far approach slab joint has a 2 inch bump in the roadway and cracking in the shoulder. See photo #47. Downstream from the bridge, there is erosion of the streambanks with a tree that has fallen into the Reedy River. See photo #48.

S-84-001 – Standing Springs Rd over I-185 NB & SB

Past patching at the north end has severely deteriorated and has cracking with vegetation growing through. See photo #49. There is an erosion hole at the northeast and southwest corners with undermining of the approach slabs. See photo #50. There is also a large area of erosion on the side slope adjacent to I-185 SB lanes. Control access fencing missing at northeast quadrant of the bridge. See photo #51. There is moderate vegetation growth in the approach slab shoulders. See photo #52. Top of berm at north concrete slope protection has minor cracking and settlement. See photo #53.

<u>S-146-001 – Fork Shoals Rd. over I-185</u>

There is severe block cracking and alligator cracking on both approach roadways. Deterioration of approach slab joint. See photo #54. Cracking and settlement in the top of berm on concrete slope protection. See photo #55.

185-105 & 185-305 - 185 NB & SB over Huff Creek

Bridge 185-105 has a 4 inch diameter x 1 inch deep spall in span 3 in the right lane. See photo #56. Minor spalling in the bottom flange with exposed rebar stirrup in span 1 girder. See photo #57. Previous channel bank erosion has been mitigated with large rip rap on both sides of the bank at bridge 185-105. Bridge 185-305 has three damaged guardrail posts at the southwest corner of the bridge. See photo #58. The approach roadway has longitudinal cracks with multiple potholes. See photo #59. Channel banks are eroding and there is a threat of scour at columns during a high-water event. If significant scour occurs at the piles, there is risk of pile settlement or loss of pile stability. See photos #60-#61. The approach slabs at both ends of the bridge and at both bridges have significant bumps causing vehicles to lift off the ground at high speeds.

185-106 & 185-306 - I-185 NB & SB over Reedy Fork Road

Bridge 185-106 has multiple dislodged rail post blocks next to the approach terminal. See photo #62. There are multiple longitudinal cracks in the approach roadway that extend onto the approach slab. See photo #63. Both structures have cracking and settlement of the concrete berm and heavy vegetation throughout the concrete slope protection. See photos #64- #65. Bridge 185-106 has two girders with minor spalls in the bottom flange. See



photos #66-#67. Bridge 185-106 has crack with efflorescence build up on backside of rail at guardrail attachment. See photo #68.

185-107 & 185-307 – I-185 NB & SB over Lost Stump Road

Both bridges have missing and dislodged guardrail post blocks at both ends of the bridge. See photos #69-#70. Bridge 185-107 has impact damage at the leading end. See photo #71. Bridge 185-307 has significant cracking and spalls in the approach slab joint shoulder with vegetation growth. See photos #72-#73. There are multiple longitudinal cracks with potholes in the approach roadways that extend onto the approach slab. See photo #74. Both bridges have large cracks with up to 1 inch settlement occurring along the concrete slope protection with heavy vegetation growth. See photos #75-#76.

185-108 & 185-308 – I-185 NB & SB over Future Railroad

Moderate to severe block cracking occurring at both approaches with multiple potholes. See photos #77. Bridge 185-308 has cracking in the approach slab joint at the far end. Cracking and up to 3 inch settlement at top of berm of both bridges. See photos #78-#79. Bridge 185-308 has cracking occurring along the concrete berm with heavy vegetation at both ends.

185-109 & 185-309 – I-185 NB & SB over Flora Louise Drive

Clogged drainage flume at leading end of bridge 185-109. See photo #80. Severe block cracking with potholes is occurring in both approach roadways at both structures. See photos #81-#82. Both bridges have seal adhesion loss throughout with water leakage onto the cap below. See photo #83. Settlement with cracking is occurring throughout all concrete slope protections. See photos #84.

<u>25-001 – US 25 over I-185</u>

Concrete deck has moderate wearing of the riding surface with significant loss to the deck grooving scattered throughout. See photo #85. Cracking and delamination underneath girders at end bents. See photo #86. There is a section of broken curb above the catch basin at the northeast corner of bridge. See photo #88. Cracking and settlement along the concrete slope protection. See photo #89.

185-110 & 185-310 – I-185 NB & SB over Grove Creek Tributary

Moderate ravel, moderate block and longitudinal cracking with potholes present in both approach roadways. See photo #90. Broken compression joint seals were observed in the shoulders with water leakage onto the caps. See photos #91-#92. Dead vegetation growth on barrier rail. See photo #93. Both bridges have partially clogged drainage flumes. See photos #94-#95. Bridge 185-310 has multiple areas of undermining at both end bents. See photos #96-#97. Bridge 185-110 has streambed erosion control device installed along the west bank only, in good condition. See photo #98. Bridge 185-110 east bank has severe erosion with vertical banks eroding up to the bent 3 piles. See photo #99.

185-111 & 185-311 - I-185 NB & SB over Grove Creek

There are multiple damaged guardrail blocks near the terminal. See photo #100. Severe block cracking is present in the approach roadway and extends onto the approach slab with potholes in the joint. See photos #101-#102. Spalls around compression joint seal with water leakage onto bent caps below. See photo #103. A streambed erosion control device has been placed along the channel banks under bridge 185-111 to mitigate scour around



piles. See photo #104. Bridge 185-311 has streambank erosion up to the piles with rip rap washing out. See photo #105.

185-112 & 185-312 - I-185 NB & SB over SC 20

Moderate to severe block cracking present in both approach roadways and approach slabs with potholes scattered throughout. See photo #106. Bridge 185-312 has a small spall in the bent diaphragm. See photo #107. Erosion of side slope at both ends of bridge 185-312. See photo #108.

185-1271 – Ramp on I-185 over NS & CSX RR

Moderate block cracking is occurring at both approaches with longitudinal cracking extending onto the approach slab. See photo #109. The top of the leading slope protection berm has a large crack and settlement. See photo #110. Heavy vegetation growth on top of berm on both ends of bridge. See photo #111.

185-113 & 185-313 - I-185 NB & SB over NS & CSX RR

Severe block cracking occurring in approach roadway extending onto the approach slab at both ends of the structures with potholes in the approach slab joints. See photo #112. Deterioration of the approach slab joint at bridge 185-113. See photo #113. Heavy vegetation growth on top of berm on ends of bridges.

185-1272 – Ramp on I-185 over NS & CSX RR

The top of bridge rail at the trailing end has a significant crack with efflorescence. Moderate cracking is occurring at the top of the slope protection berm. See photo #114. Large tree growing on top of berm at leading end. See photo #115.

185-114 & 185-314 - I-185 NB & SB over SC 153

Bridge 185-314 has a split rail and twisted blocks at the leading end of the bridge. See photo #116. Severe block and severe alligator cracking occurring at both ends of each structure. See photo #117. Potholes/depressions, deterioration, and cracking throughout newly paved patched joints. See photos #118-#119. Bridge 185-114 has undermining of the far approach slab. See photo #120.

185-115 & 185-315 – I-185 NB & SB over Stables Road

Moderate to severe block cracking at all approaches. See photos #121-#122. Deterioration throughout joints with potholes. See photo #123. Significant erosion is occurring under the concrete slope protection. See photo #124. Large vegetation growth in the area between the two bridges. See photo #125. Bridge 185-315 leading end west side has missing control access fencing.

<u>185-316 – I-185 SB over I-85 NB Ramp</u>

Cracking and large bump at leading approach slab. See photo #126. Moderate to severe block cracking and severe alligator cracking in both approach roadways. See photo #127.

<u>185-117 & 185-317 – I-185 NB & SB over I-85</u>

The guardrail terminal at bridge 185-117 near approach has been hit and is damaged. See photo #128. Both bridges have severe block cracking at both approaches with potholes. See photo #129. Bridge 185-117 has approach slab joint deterioration with exposed steel plate. See photo #130. Both bridges have seal adhesion loss in the compression joint and water is intruding onto the cap below. If this continues, the increased moisture will



enhance the corrosion process of the bearings and girder ends. See photos #131-#132. Joints have loss of adhesion with water leakage evident on caps below. See photo #133. Both bridges have shallow spalls with exposed steel. See photos #134-#136. Both bridges have minor cracking in the slope protection. Heavy vegetation growth is beginning to develop adjacent to the concrete slope protection at both bridges. See photo #137.

<u>185-118 – I-185 NB over I-185 SB Ramp</u>

Severe block and alligator cracking is occurring along both ends of the bridge. See photos #138-#139. Deterioration and depressions are present throughout the approach slab joints. See photo #140. Minor cracking and vegetation growth occurring along the concrete slope protection berm. See photo #141.

4 ROADWAY CONDITION SURVEY

Benesch was retained to perform a network level Pavement Condition Survey (PCS) of the Southern Connector I-185 toll road. The methodology and approach used for the PCS is generally consistent with the method developed by NC State University's Institute for Transportation Research and Education (ITRE). The PCS was conducted in March 2024 and included approximately 15.1 centerline miles (59.5 lane miles) of paved roadway.

The PCS was completed in general accordance with the ITRE method and used to determine a Pavement Condition Rating (PCR). The ITRE method is a windshield-based approach to collecting data and using that data to determine a PCR.

The following pavement distresses and conditions were collected in the survey:

- 1. Alligator Cracking
- 2. Block/Transverse Cracking
- 3. Reflective Cracking
- 4. Rutting
- 5. Raveling
- 6. Bleeding
- 7. Ride Quality
- 8. Patching
- 9. Spalling
- 10. Pavement Marking Condition*
- * Pavement Marking Condition does not affect the pavement condition rating

The pavement condition rating is determined based on nine (9) surface distresses as described below:

1. Alligator Cracking

Alligator cracking is comprised of longitudinal cracks generally in the wheel paths of the road and is the most serious pavement distress. The distress starts as single cracks that eventually progress to an alligator pattern. It is a structural pavement failure that may be caused by traffic overload, inadequate design thickness, base or sub-grade failure, poor drainage, or a combination of these factors. Cracking occurs from the 'bottom up', meaning it starts at the bottom of the flexible pavement layer due to a lack of support from the underlying layers and propagates upward. Note that alligator cracking at the edge of



pavement, often called 'edge cracking', is included in this category. Since the cracks start at the bottom of the pavement layer, full replacement of the layer and corrections to the underlying layers are often required to repair the distress.

2. Block/Transverse Cracking

Block/Transverse cracking is not load associated but is caused by the shrinkage of asphalt generally due to age and temperature fluctuations. This category includes all cracks that aren't considered alligator or reflective. The severity can increase if water penetrates the cracks. Sealing the block/transverse cracks to prevent water penetration into the pavement's base materials can help to extend the pavement life.

3. Reflective Cracking

Reflective cracking is generally not load associated but occurs on asphalt concrete which has been overlaid on old jointed concrete pavement. Reflective cracking is characterized by bulged joints above the riding surface and caused by movement of the concrete slab beneath the roadway surface.

4. Rutting

Rutting is a surface depression that typically occurs in the wheel path(s) or at the edge of the pavement. It occurs within either the subgrade or in any one of the pavement layers when they move or consolidate due to traffic loads. Rutting represents a structural failure and often occurs in conjunction with alligator cracking.

5. Raveling

Raveling is the wearing away of the pavement surface either by loss of aggregate particles or asphalt binder. It typically occurs on, but not limited to, bituminous surface treated (BST) streets, sometimes referred to as "tar-and-gravel".

6. Bleeding

Bleeding is the formation of a thin film of bituminous materials on pavement surface, typically caused by excess asphalt cement in the mix. A plant mix resurfacing is usually required to correct this problem.

7. Ride Quality

Ride quality is a relative indication of roughness and how the street rides to the public. Any number of factors including rutting, cracking, utility cuts, localized dips, or poor patching can cause rough ride quality.

8. Patching

Patching is only an indication of the amount of surface area that has received some type of maintenance repair. The quality or condition of the patch is not considered in the evaluation. Severe patching, for example, indicates that a large amount of patching exists on the pavement, rather than indicating that the patches are in poor condition.

9. Spalling

Spalling is the cracking, breaking, chipping, or fraying of concrete edges at joints and cracks. This is a common distress in jointed concrete pavements. Spalling reduces pavement serviceability, and if left unrepaired, it can become hazardous to highway users.



The roadway was driven at low speed to collect the pavement distress data. The data was entered into software that calculates the pavement condition rating (PCR). While the numerical rating established with the ITRE method does not correlate directly with the more complex Pavement Quality Index (PQI) rating used by SCDOT, the condition descriptions, i.e. Good, Fair and Poor, can be used to generally compare the current pavement condition with the condition found in the past PQI rating.

For this survey, the roadway was divided into segments corresponding to the Exits, as shown on the next page:

Street Block	Begin	End	2017 PCR	2018 PCR	2019 PCR	2020 PCR	2021 PCR	2022 PCR	2023 PCR	2024 PCR	PCR Condition	Marking Condition
NB - I-385 to Exit 31	NB - I-385	SC 417	84	81.5	81.5	79	59	45.1	42.6	30.1	Very Poor	Fair
NB - Exit 31 to Exit 30	NB – SC 417	SC 276	84	74.1	74.1	71.6	30.1	60.1	45.1	34.0	Very Poor	Fair
NB - Exit 30 to HWY 146	NB - SC 276	SC 146	76.5	74	68	68	45.1	45.1	45.1	45.1	Very Poor	Fair
NB - HWY 146 to Exit 7	NB - SC 146	US 25	74	74	74	71.5	45.1	30.1	30.1	34	Very Poor	Fair
NB - Exit 7 to Exit 10	NB - US 25	SC 20	82.5	79	79	76.5	60.1	45.1	45.1	49	Very Poor	Fair
NB - Exit 10 to Exit 12	NB - SC 20	SC 153	74	69.1	63.1	63.1	45.1	30.1	30.1	30.1	Very Poor	Fair
NB - Exit 12 to Exit 14	NB- Brown Rd	I-85	61.5	57.6	51.6	51.6	30.1	30.1	27.6	30.1	Very Poor	Fair
SB - Exit 12 to Exit 14	SB – Brown Rd	I-85	67.5	57.6	51.6	51.6	39.1	40.1	37.6	40.1	Very Poor	Good
SB - Exit 10 to Exit 12	SB – SC 20	SC 153	79	72.6	72.6	70.1	45.1	30.1	27.6	30.1	Very Poor	Fair
SB - Exit 7 to Exit 10	SB - US 25	SC 20	79	77.6	77.6	75.1	60.1	45.1	45.1	30.1	Very Poor	Fair
SB - HWY 146 to Exit 7	SB - SC 146	US 25	80	72.6	72.6	70.1	60.1	45.1	42.6	45.1	Very Poor	Good
SB - Exit 30 to HWY 146	SB - US 276	SC 146	82.5	79	79	76.5	57.6	45.1	42.6	42.6	Very Poor	Fair
SB - Exit 31 to Exit 30	SB – SC 417	SC 276	79	66.6	60.6	60.6	30.1	30.1	27.6	25.1	Very Poor	Fair
Overall rating			77.1	74.1	70.5	68.9	49.3	40.3	37.6	38.0	Very Poor	

 TABLE 2: PAVEMENT CONDITION RATINGS

Based on the data collected during this survey, shown in Table 2, I-185 has a weighted pavement condition in the "Very Poor" range (PCR 38.0), rising 0.4 points from the 2023 survey. This contrasts greatly to the (2017) PCR rating for the same roadway sections indicating the pavement condition was in the "Fair" range. The marginal rise in the rating is attributed to the increase in patching of potholes along the Southern Connector with approximately 75% having been filled in.

The majority of the pavement markings were found to be in "Fair" condition during this survey. The markings on the bridges are largely in good condition with only isolated areas where the pavement markings are not adhering properly to the pavement or bridge decks.



Raised pavement markers were present and spaced appropriately along the majority of the length of the Southern Connector.

This survey included the entire asphalt pavement up to the bridge approaches. Further details of the asphalt condition of the bridge approaches are found with the respective bridge reports in Section 6: Condition Survey of Bridge Components.

It was noted that for a few of the bridge locations, the transition from the pavement on and off the bridges was not smooth, with several towed trailers making substantial noise when traversing these areas. Two "bump" signs were observed on two different bridge approaches.

The findings show the pavement condition continues to deteriorate over time, as the asphalt is nearing the end of its serviceable lifecycle. Typical pavement distresses observed in this survey include block/transverse cracking, raveling and alligator cracking. Asphalt joint deterioration was observed across all of the segments, with numerous small potholes forming in the surface course at the pavement joints. While many of these potholes have been filled by maintenance crews, additional ones have appeared with more expected to form as the pavement continues to deteriorate. Asphalt surface course delamination was also observed. A color-coded graphical representation of the pavement condition is shown in Figure 2.

The graph below shows the typical lifecycle for asphalt pavement. The 2024 average weighted PCR value of 38.0 correlates with the value predicted by the curve after 25 years.



FIGURE 2: TYPICAL ASPHALT PAVEMENT LIFECYCLE

Based on the conditions observed, deterioration is apparent throughout the corridor. Each recorded PCR is deemed "Very Poor," falling within the range of 25-50. Many segments share three major distresses block cracking, raveling and severe alligator cracking (potholes) which are found mostly along the pavement joints.



Based on observations during the survey and the results of the PCS, it appears the surface course is in the final stages of its lifecycle. All segments are beyond effective preventative maintenance methods to significantly prolong service life. Typical asphalt lifecycle studies show that once significant cracking develops – as is the case with the Southern Connector – the asphalt will begin to deteriorate more rapidly. Due to the budget and schedule requirements for repairs and resurfacing, Benesch recommends roadway resurfacing planning begin immediately.

Benesch recommends the entire Southern Connector be surveyed as part of a Pavement Repair Survey (PRS). Before this survey is performed, it is critical that staff document specifically what asphalt is included in the Southern Connector. All beginning and end points should be marked, with acceleration/deceleration lanes and entrance/exit ramps identified. In the meantime, Benesch recommends all current maintenance procedures continue. This PRS would help derive quantities and bids for resurfacing. Based on the present conditions, it would not be practical to repair and resurface only some of the segments. Due to the amount of cracking present and the pavement joint deterioration, increased water infiltration is likely to increase the rate of pothole formation and may require more routine pothole patching until the highway can be resurfaced.

In addition, Benesch recommends the approaches to each bridge structure be surveyed at the same time. Most approaches exhibit similar conditions and would also warrant repairs and resurfacing. For the locations with rough transitions, these should be examined closely; bumps or dips can likely be corrected by additional milling or by wedging of the pavement and could be combined with resurfacing for minimal cost.

Geotechnical testing should be included as part of the PRS. While the visual inspection indicates most of the distresses are in the surface layer of asphalt, with few extending into the intermediate layer, geotechnical testing will show if there are any structural issues underneath the roadbed as well as how deep the block cracking extends into the pavement. Any structural issues discovered should be addressed at the time of resurfacing so that the new asphalt will hold up over time.

During the PRS, staff will measure and quantify the various pavement distresses. Coupled with the geotechnical testing results, resurfacing and repair recommendations can be made. A rough timescale and engineer's estimates can also be made for the needed work.

Note that if the pavement is not resurfaced and instead allowed to deteriorate further, it may discourage use of the Southern Connector, driving down revenue and leading to claims against SCDOT, thereby increasing expenses. It is understood that the Connector 2000 Association does at present receive complaints regarding the roadway condition from users. Fewer users may be willing to pay a toll to use a road that is uncomfortable to use due to bumps, dips, potholes as well as increased road noise.

If resurfacing is deferred, a higher frequency of maintenance activities should be performed to manage the number of potholes and maintain the safety and functionality of the roadway.





Typical pavement marking delamination on bridge

(Bridge 185-306)



Typical patched pothole

(Bridge approach 185-305)





(Bridge approach 185-109)

Pothole



Typical block cracking on bridge approach roadway

(Bridge approach 185-117)





Typical block cracking on bridge approach roadway (Bridge approach 185-315)



5" elevation change on bridge approach shoulder

(Bridge approach 185-002)



5 ROADWAY CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on our review of the pertinent documentation and our own direct field observations, we conclude the Southern Connector Toll Road bridges are in good condition, while the roadway is in very poor condition. Refer to the Pavement Condition Rating Map (Figure 3) on the next page for the roadway conditions. Conclusions and recommendations are noted below:

The surface course pavement along the Southern Connector is reaching the end of its useful life. Benesch recommends resurfacing and rehabilitation planning begin as soon as is possible. The start of this planning should start with a Pavement Repair Survey (PRS) and geotechnical testing. Additionally, all bridge and structure approaches should be included in this survey. The PRS will help establish a timetable and rough cost estimate for budgeting purposes. Based on visual observations, the Southern Connector will likely need to be resurfaced in the next few years. If resurfacing is deferred, higher frequency maintenance activities should be performed to maintain safety and functionality or the roadway.

The signs along the roadway vary in their effectiveness. All of the deficient major guide signs appear to have been replaced in the past year and now offer excellent wayfinding, including at night. The deficient signs that remain are mostly toll related and isolated to the yellow insert portions of the signs being illegible only at night. To minimize expenditures, it is recommended that all toll related signs be replaced when the toll rate is next adjusted. All other smaller signs that are deficient should be replaced as soon as is convenient. Smaller signs that appear in good condition should have their retro reflectivity measured to confirm they still meet requirements, and if not, should also be replaced.

Several bridge and roadway locations along the Southern Connector have damage, show signs of deterioration, or show failures related to poor construction. The specific locations noted should be monitored closely and receive additional investigation by a certified pavement inspector or professional engineer to further address these conditions.

There are many bridge sites with approach pavements showing significant cracking, settlement, and joint spalling. These conditions are not ideal for safe rideability and in many cases the deteriorated pavements and poor asphalt patching at the bridge approaches should be considered for resurfacing. Both the northbound and southbound directions have segments with moderate block cracking with some of the segments featuring severe block cracking. Moderate to severe raveling and pavement joint deterioration with potholes was noted throughout all segments. These distresses indicate the asphalt is at the end of its useful life and requires a mill and overlay in the next few years. Due to the amount of cracking present and the pavement joint deterioration, increased water infiltration is likely to increase the rate of pothole formation and may require more routine pothole patching until the highway can be resurfaced.

The drainage improvements performed over the past couple of years at many of the bridge sites appear appropriate for each site. The installation of an approach drain inlet, funnel drain, or pipe drain to intercept and redirect the storm water runoff away from the approach slab should substantially reduce the erosion conditions and allow for permanent repairs. Field observations revealed many of the drainage structures have debris or overgrowth of vegetation surrounding them; it is recommended they be cleared to ensure proper drainage.





FIGURE 3: PAVEMENT CONDITION RATING MAP

PCR RATING SCALE



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6 CONDITION SURVEY OF BRIDGE COMPONENTS

185-171	I-185 Ramp 9 over I-385
Description:	2-span continuous steel plate girder bridge with composite concrete deck, integral bent and expansion joint at end bents.
Approaches:	Moderate to severe asphalt ravel, longitudinal cracking and light alligator cracking. Approach slab joints were newly patched in 2020.
Superstructure:	Transverse hairline cracking near center of bridge deck. Vertical hairline cracking in concrete parapets at 5-6 feet intervals. Evidence of frequent ponding noted on low side of bridge deck within 3 feet of bridge rail. Debris and sediment build-up noted in expansion joints. New pavement markers.
Substructure:	Erosion and spill through of stone backfill at base of MSE wall located along the side of wall facing I-385 NB. At trailing MSE wall, a 4-inch thick concrete layer has been placed over MSE blocks that had previous large gaps with backfill spilling through. The large tree growing on top of the MSE wall at the trailing end was previously cut but is growing back. Erosion hole 15 feet in front of the trailing end MSE wall.
185-001	I-185 NB & SB over SC 417
Description:	Single span steel plate girder bridge with composite concrete deck and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Severe block cracking with 3-inch deep potholes and severe raveling of asphalt at both approaches. Hole under flume on NB side of bridge leading end. Obstructed drainage flume.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rails throughout the entire bridge length. Damage to median barrier at the leading end of the bridge. Transverse hairline cracking along bridge deck. New pavement markers.
Substructure:	Vegetation along slope protection and around top of MSE wall has been cut back but dead vegetation remains. Gaps forming in top of MSE wall with backfill spilling through. Erosion/washout is occurring along the base of the MSE wall closest to NC 417. Hairline cracks with efflorescence present in the end bent backwalls between girders.



185-002	I-185 NB & SB over US 276 Ramp 11, Ramp 2 & Railroad
Description:	9-span continuous curved steel plate girder bridge with composite concrete deck. Modular expansion joints at end bents, disc bearings at bents.
Approaches:	Moderate block and alligator cracking with moderate to severe raveling. Joints recently patched in 2020. Pothole forming along northbound approach.
Superstructure:	Some debris and sediment build-up in modular expansion joints at leading and trailing ends of bridge. Vertical hairline cracking scattered throughout bridge railings. Transverse hairline cracking along bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Crack in top of berm on southbound bridge leading end. Northbound bridge trailing end, cracked/collapsed slope protection at berm has been repaired and is in good condition. Patch repair to column on north side of bent at I-185 northbound bridge has delaminated. Vines noted on slope protection. Vertical hairline cracks in the end bent backwalls between girders.
276-002	US 276 EB over I-185 Ramp 2
Description:	3-span curved steel plate girder bridge with composite concrete deck and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Approach asphalt has been replaced since the 2021 inspection. Minor cracking observed in approach roadway.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 5 feet intervals. Transverse hairline cracking along bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Erosion hole at top of slope protection at trailing end bent. Longitudinal joint separation in slope protection and severe vegetation growing across concrete slope protection at the leading end.



185-271	I-185 Ramp 3 over East Standing Springs Road
Description:	3-span curved steel plate girder bridge with composite concrete deck and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Moderate block cracking, longitudinal cracking, and severe raveling in asphalt at leading end of bridge, 3 missing dashed lane lines before bridge. Asphalt roadway has been repaved at the trailing end.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rails at 4 feet intervals. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Flowable Fill has been used to address undermining and eroded areas at end bents. Erosion hole at top of slope protection. Minor cracking with up to 2-inch settlement along slope protection.
276-271	US 276 EB over East Standing Springs Road
Description:	3-span continuous plate girder bridge with composite concrete deck and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Both approaches have been repaved since the previous 2021 inspection. Minor cracking observed in the approach roadway at both ends.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 4-5 feet intervals. Sediment and debris build-up along low side of bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Slope protection cracked and settled 2-inch along berm at northeast bridge end. Hairline crack on bent cap.



S-144-001	Neely Ferry Road over I-185 & US 276 Access Ramps
Description:	3-span continuous curved steel plate girder bridge with composite concrete deck and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Longitudinal cracking and severe raveling in asphalt with a pothole. Previous patchwork on approach is cracking and deteriorating. Dip and bump in pavement on approach slabs. Full depth cracks in the approach shoulders.
Superstructure:	Severe flaking of coating on barrier rail with hairline cracks with efflorescence. Hairline cracking throughout deck.
Substructure:	Previous cracked and failing slope protections have been repaired and exhibit minor cracking in the top of berm. Animal dwellings with undermining at the top of leading and trailing slope protections.
S-316-004	Log Shoals Road (SR 316) over I-185
S-316-004 Description:	Log Shoals Road (SR 316) over I-185 2-span AASHTO prestressed girder bridge with composite concrete deck, integral bent and integral end bents.
	2-span AASHTO prestressed girder bridge with composite concrete deck, integral bent
Description:	 2-span AASHTO prestressed girder bridge with composite concrete deck, integral bent and integral end bents. Moderate longitudinal cracking with severe raveling in asphalt approaches and a few potholes present. Asphalt joints patched and re-sealed recently; however, cracks are



185-103	I-185 NB over Ranch Road
Description:	3-span AASHTO prestressed girder bridge w/ composite concrete deck, integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Moderate longitudinal/block cracking and moderate raveling with potholes. Asphalt joints patched and re-sealed recently. Bump in approach joint.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail 5-6 feet intervals. Hairline crack forming along bridge deck. Vegetation growing on underside face of barrier rail. New pavement markings fair.
Substructure:	Significant graffiti on bent columns. Significant vegetation along end bents and slope protection. Slope protection has cracking and up to 2-inch settlement in the berm and adjacent to columns.
185-303	I-185 SB over Ranch Road
Description:	3-span AASHTO prestressed girder bridge w/ composite concrete deck, integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Moderate raveling at each approach with longitudinal cracking and light alligator cracking at the leading end of bridge with a pothole. Asphalt joints patched and resealed recently; however, there is 2-inch settlement in the joint at the trailing end of bridge. Damaged concrete curb on bridge approach slab.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 5-6 feet intervals. Hairline cracking along bridge deck and poor grooving of the concrete surface. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Significant joint separation in longitudinal joint in slope protection. Moderate horizontal cracking and up to 2-inch settlement in concrete slope protection with heavy vegetation. Graffiti previously noted on columns has been repaired; however, repair patching has begun to bubble and flake off.



185-104	I-185 NB over Reedy River
Description:	4-span AASHTO prestressed girder bridge w/ composite concrete deck, integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Moderate block cracking, light alligator cracking and moderate raveling. Joints are deteriorating at both ends of bridge with minor spalling along joints at each end of bridge. Pothole forming on approach slab at leading end of bridge. Poor overlay bump. Debris clogging drainage flume. Joint separation and deterioration adjacent to bridge. Damaged guardrail terminal at trailing end.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 10 feet intervals. Hairline cracking noted in bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Erosion adjacent to end bents with rutting along fill slope. Additional rip rap has been placed adjacent to columns; however, there are areas of missing rip rap with increasing erosion. Dead vegetation on the bents and columns.
185-304	I-185 SB over Reedy River
Description:	4-span AASHTO prestressed girder bridge w/ composite concrete deck, integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching is showing signs of deterioration. Pothole with depression forming in joint patch at trailing end of bridge. Light block cracking and moderate raveling at each end of bridge. Bump in approach joint.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 6 feet intervals. Hairline cracking along the bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Additional Rip Rap that was previously installed is beginning to wash away and bank erosion is increasing downstream of structure. Heavy vegetation along end bents and columns and rutting along fill slope. Several animal dwellings are adjacent to the columns.



S-84-001	Standing Springs Road (SR 84) over I-185
Description:	2-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck, integral bent and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching good at 3 locations, but the one older joint at north end of bridge is cracking/deteriorating and has vegetation growth. Severe alligator cracking and severe ravel at north end with potholes. The south end has moderate alligator and longitudinal cracking and moderate ravel.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 10 feet intervals and along the bridge deck. Heavy vegetation growth in the shoulders and both ends of the bridge. Pavement markings are faded. Delineator color is faded at southeast corner.
Substructure:	Vegetation noted on the end bents, cracking, and settlement in top of concrete slope protection. Missing control access fencing at northeast corner of bridge.
S-146-001	Fork Shoals Road (SR 146) over I-185
Description:	2-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck, integral bent and integral end bents
Approaches:	Minor guardrail impact damage (kink) at southeast and northeast end. Severe block cracking at the south end and light alligator cracking at the north end with moderate ravel at both approaches. The north approach has a small pothole and slight bump in the roadway.
Superstructure:	Striping in poor/faint condition. Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 10 feet intervals. Hairline cracking throughout deck.
Substructure:	Significant cracking along berm section of concrete slope protection at both bridge ends with up to 1-inch settlement and vegetation growth at the top of the slope protection. Rutting and erosion of the side slopes adjacent to the bridge. Moderate vegetation growth adjacent to end bents and wingwalls.



185-105	I-185 NB over Huff Creek
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Light longitudinal and alligator cracking and moderate raveling at each end. Small pothole on approach slab at leading end of bridge has been patched; however, patch is failing. Settlement in trailing end approach slab.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 5 feet intervals and along bridge deck. Shallow spalls in girder bottom flanges with exposed rebar. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Class II Rip Rap is still in place and functioning properly.
185-305	I-185 SB over Huff Creek
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Moderate to severe raveling and moderate block cracking at both bridge ends. Block cracking, 2-inch separation between pavement joint, and small pothole in approach roadway at leading end of bridge. Joint cracking in the trailing end approach slab.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 10 feet intervals and bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Moderate vegetation along end bents. Rutting noted along end slopes. Severe stream bank erosion adjacent to both drilled pier foundations. Original silt fences installed for bank stabilization have failed. Moderate vegetation growth adjacent to bridge.



185-106	I-185 NB over Reedy Fork Rd.
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents w/ heavy skew.
Approaches:	Moderate to severe raveling, longitudinal cracking, and light alligator cracking. Asphalt joint patching observed as new in 2019; however, cracking and settlement has formed. Pothole on trailing end has been patched and potholes on the leading end are present Rutting was observed in the trailing end roadway, right travel lane. Several detached and damaged guardrail blocks.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 6 feet intervals and bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Cracking with efflorescence in end bents. Moderate vegetation along slope protection, slope protection is cracked with settlement at trailing end of bridge.
185-306	I-185 SB over Reedy Fork Rd.
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents w/ heavy skew
Approaches:	Severe block cracking, moderate asphalt raveling, and light alligator cracking. New asphalt joint patching performed in 2019; however, cracking and settlement has formed. Approximately 250 feet before bridge, 6 feet guardrail impact damage. Leading end approach slab joint has minor cracking in the shoulder.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 6 feet intervals and bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Vegetation moderate along columns and severe on slope protection. Significant cracks and settlement in berm section of concrete slope protection and gaps widening between sections.


185-107	I-185 NB over Lost Swamp Rd.
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents/end bents on heavy skew.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching was performed in 2019 at each end of bridge. Moderate longitudinal and alligator cracking and moderate raveling at both ends of the bridge. The trailing end exhibits moderate alligator cracking with previous potholes now patched. Approximately 100 feet before the bridge, 1 dislodged guardrail block and guardrail impact damage at southeast quadrant.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 6 feet intervals and minor hairline cracking in the bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Moderate vegetation growth across berm section of slope protection. Moderate cracks and up to 2-inch settlement in concrete slope protection.
185-307	I-185 SB over Lost Swamp Rd.
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents on heavy skew
Approaches:	Moderate raveling and longitudinal cracking in wheel path and along construction joint. Asphalt joint patching has been performed at each end of the bridge in 2019; however, there is a pothole at the leading end with an exposed steel plate. Settlement and cracking has also occurred in that area. Poor patched areas, depressions, and cracking in the shoulders with vegetation growth. Three dislodged guardrail blocks on trailing side of bridge.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 6 feet intervals and bridge deck. Diagonal cracks in deck at ends of bridge. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Moderate cracking along concrete slope protection with up to 2-inch settlement. Moderate vegetation growth across surface of slope protection and around end bents.



185-108	I-185 NB over Future Railroad
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Longitudinal cracking and severe block cracking at each end of bridge with moderate raveling. Trailing end drainage flume is blocked with debris. One dislodged guardrail block on leading end of bridge.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 6 feet intervals and minor hairline cracking in the bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	End slope & slope protection steep at 1:1; 1-inch wide cracks in top of slope protection with up to 3-inch settlement. Severe vegetation between adjacent structures and on slope protection.
185-308	I-185 SB over Future Railroad
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Severe block cracking with moderate longitudinal cracking and raveling. Asphalt joint patching has been performed at each end of the bridge in 2019; however, cracking in joint has occurred.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 6 feet intervals and minor hairline cracking in the bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	End slope & slope protection steep at 1:1; ¼-inch wide cracks in slope protection. Moderate vegetation on slope protection and end bents.



185-109	I-185 NB over Flora Louise Drive
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral end bents, interior bents have expansion joints.
Approaches:	Severe block cracking with moderate longitudinal cracking and raveling on approach slabs. Asphalt joint patching has been performed at each end of the bridge in 2019; however, settlement has occurred. Leading end drainage flume is partially clogged with vegetation and debris.
Superstructure:	Bridge deck contains a small pothole approximately 1.5-inch deep and wearing of the deck in the wheel path. Asphalt joint patching has been performed at each end of the bridge in 2019. Minor debris accumulation in the deck joint. Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 6-8 feet intervals and hairline cracking in bridge deck. Seal adhesion loss throughout joint with leakage evident on bent caps below. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Severe vegetation overgrowth on slope protection and between NB and SB bridges. Settlement with gaps forming between concrete slope protection sections.
185-309	I-185 SB over Flora Louise Drive
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral end bents, interior bents have expansion joints.
Approaches:	Severe block cracking with moderate longitudinal cracking and moderate to severe raveling on approach slabs. Previous pothole was previously patched at leading end of bridge and is starting to fail. Asphalt joint patching has been performed at each end of the bridge in 2019; however settlement has occurred. One dislodged guardrail block on trailing end of bridge.
Superstructure:	Minimal spalling of deck at location of expansion joint seals with minor debris in joints at shoulders. Separation between joints and deck with water leakage evident on pier caps. Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 6-8 feet intervals and minor cracking in bridge deck. Seal adhesion loss throughout joint with leakage evident on bent caps below.
Substructure:	Cracking of slope protection and settlement with gaps forming between concrete slope protection sections and a minor spall at the top of berm. Vegetation overgrowth on slope protection and severe overgrowth between NB and SB bridges.



S-25-001	US 25 over I-185
Description:	2-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Light block cracking, alligator cracking, and raveling near joints. Multiple depressions in joints at the south end of bridge. Multiple dislodged guardrail post at the northwest corner and damaged guardrail at the southwest corner. Spall in curb over the drainage catch basin at the northeast corner.
Superstructure:	Hairline cracking and moderate wearing of bridge deck. Barrier rail coating is delaminating and vertical hairline cracking at 6-8 feet intervals with sediment build up on the sidewalk. Striping on bridge is in poor/faint condition. Minor surface spalls in the girder bottom flanges with exposed rebar.
Substructure:	Moderate cracking and settlement along berm section of concrete slope protection has been patched but has begun to crack again. Minor cracking and areas of delamination underneath beams at end bents.
185-110	I-185 NB over Grove Creek Tributary
Description:	6-span bridge consisting of 1 main AASHTO girder span with composite deck and 5 reinforced concrete slab spans with slab build-downs at each substructure with pile bent substructure.
Approaches:	Moderate block cracking and raveling at both approaches of bridge. Asphalt joint patching observed as new in 2019. Uneven pavement and significant bump at leading approach still exists.
Superstructure:	Multiple potholes in the main span of deck slab have been patched but have started to settle. Spall adjacent to joint and deterioration of joint at both expansion joints with water leakage onto caps below. Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 10 feet intervals and minor hairline cracking in bridge deck. Pavement markings are in good condition; however, there is a 20-foot section of white line that is faded towards the trailing end of the bridge. Insignificant cracks observed in the deck underside.
Substructure:	Rutting and bank erosion along fill slopes at each end of bridge. Severe erosion of the stream bank adjacent to bent 3. Bags filled with concrete have been placed along the streambank adjacent to bent 4 as a scour preventative measure. Severe vegetation at bents and on columns.



185-310	I-185 SB over Grove Creek Tributary
Description:	6-span bridge consisting of 1 main AASHTO girder span with composite deck and 5 reinforced concrete slab spans with slab build-downs at each substructure with pile bent substructure.
Approaches:	Moderate to severe block/longitudinal cracking at both ends of bridge with moderate raveling. Potholes in the asphalt just past the trailing end approach slab.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 5-6 feet intervals and minor hairline cracking in the bridge deck. Minor vegetation growth on barrier rail. Joints have spalls in the adjacent deck, are filled with debris, and leaking onto caps below. Clogged drainage flume at the trailing end of the bridge. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Runoff infiltration behind and under end bent resulting in undermining and a gully on the end slope at the northbound end. Undermining also noted at southbound end. Rutting severe in front of end bents. Severe vegetation at bents and on columns. Severe stream bank erosion adjacent to bent 3.
185-111	I-185 NB over Grove Creek
Description:	6-span reinforced concrete slab span bridge (two 3-span sections with expansion joint at mid-span).
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching observed as new in 2019. Joint patch at leading end of bridge is experiencing deterioration with 8-inch diameter pothole. Moderate block cracking in the leading end with severe block cracking with potholes in the trailing end of bridge and moderate raveling at both ends. Guardrail posts, approximately 150 feet from the leading end of bridge, are damaged.
Superstructure:	Rubber expansion joint material at mid-span of bridge is deteriorating with evidence of water leakage onto the cap below. Longitudinal hairline crack in top of deck is scattered throughout and hairline cracking with efflorescence in the bottom of the deck in span 6. Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Runoff infiltration behind and under end bent resulting in undermining and a gully on the end slope at the leading end. Repair equipment used has caused minor spalling of bottom edge of deck above the berm at the leading end of the bridge. Bags filled with concrete have been placed along both sides of the streambank to prevent scouring of the adjacent piles in good condition. Moderate vegetation adjacent to and between structures.



185-311	I-185 SB over Grove Creek
Description:	6-span reinforced concrete slab span bridge (two 3-span sections with expansion joint at mid-span).
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching observed as new in 2019. Moderate to severe block/longitudinal cracking with potholes and moderate raveling at both ends of bridge. Damage and dislodged guardrail posts at the leading end adjacent to terminal.
Superstructure:	Rubber expansion joint material at mid-span of bridge is deteriorating. Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Moderate vegetation growth around interior pile bents and between structures. Scour occurring along both sides of streambank at pile bents. Severe rutting along end slope in front of end bents with multiples areas of undermining. Bent 4 column 6 has 8-inch x 6-inch x 1/2-inch deep spall.
185-112	I-185 NB over SC 20
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents/end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching performed at each end of bridge in 2019. Severe block/longitudinal cracking and raveling. Asphalt shoving at trailing end of bridge. Minor spalls in the girder bottom flange. Moderate tree growing at the leading end of the bridge blocking delineator.
Superstructure:	Minor hairline cracking in bridge deck with 5 feet diameter patch in span 1. Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 10 feet intervals. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Minor horizontal cracking on slope protection at trailing end. Vegetation growing in slope protection joints and end bents.



185-312	I-185 SB over SC 20
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching performed at each end of bridge in 2019. Moderate block/longitudinal cracking with potholes and moderate raveling.
Superstructure:	Minor hairline cracking in bridge deck. Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 10 feet intervals. Toll sign attached to bridge has illegible letters. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Minor erosion along sides of slope protection. Minor cracking in concrete slope protection. Moderate vegetation growth around end bents and adjacent to slope protection. Side slopes adjacent to bridge have significant erosion.
185-1271	I-185 NB Ramp (to SC 20) over NS & CSX Railroad
Description:	2-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching at each end of the bridge observed as new in 2019. Light raveling and block cracking at each end of bridge. Asphalt shoving and minor crack in joint noted at leading end of bridge.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 8 feet intervals. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Cracking of slope protection noted at acute corners at each end bent with moderate vegetation. End slope & slope protection steep at 1:1.



185-113	I-185 NB over NS & CSX Railroad
Description:	2-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Severe block cracking, moderate raveling, and longitudinal cracking at each end. Asphalt joint patching at each end of the bridge observed as new in 2019. Minor joint patch spalling is occurring at both ends of the bridge.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 6-8 feet intervals. Spalls in deck up to 3-inch diameter. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Minor cracking along top of berm of slope protection. End slope & slope protection steep at 1:1. Vegetation growth on top of concrete berm behind wingwall.
185-313	I-185 SB over NS & CSX Railroad
Description:	2-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching has been performed at each end of the bridge in 2019; however, spalls and deterioration is occurring in joint repair at trailing end of bridge. Severe block cracking with potholes, moderate raveling and longitudinal cracking at each end.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 8 feet intervals. Hairline cracking along bridge deck. Insignificant cracking in the girders webs at the end bents.
Substructure:	End slope & slope protection steep at 1:1. Heavy vegetation growth on concrete berm in front of wingwalls and between structures with cracking along berm of slope protection.



185-1272	I-185 SB Ramp (off SC 20) over NS & CSX Railroad
Description:	2-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching at each end of the bridge observed as new in 2019. Moderate to severe block cracking, moderate raveling, and longitudinal cracking at each end of bridge. Cracking in asphalt joint at trailing end of bridge with vegetation growth in the shoulder.
Superstructure:	A 3-inch diameter core drilled hole is on left side of bridge deck at mid-span. Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 8 feet intervals. ¼-inch wide crack in top of barrier rail at southeast corner. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Heavy vegetation growth on and near slope protection and cracking along top of slope protection berm. End slope & slope protection steep at 1:1.
185-114	I-185 NB over SC 153
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching has been performed at each end of the bridge in 2019; however, potholes and depression were observed. Moderate block/longitudinal cracking with low rutting at leading end of bridge. Light block cracking with moderate raveling at trailing end of bridge. Minor approach slab undermining was observed at the trailing end right corner.
Superstructure:	Shrinkage cracking in deck along skew and concrete spall near mid-span. Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 6-8 feet intervals. Multiple potholes in bridge deck. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Cracking along top of slope protection berm with severe vegetation in cracks and on slope protection as well as between adjacent structures at end bents.



185-314	I-185 SB over SC 153
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Severe block cracking and severe ravel at both approaches. Deterioration in newly patched asphalt joint at trailing end with cracking in the shoulder. Broken curb at trailing end of bridge. Several damaged guardrail posts at leading end of bridge approximately 75 feet from the bridge.
Superstructure:	Hairline cracking with wearing in the concrete deck. Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 6-8 feet intervals. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Cracking along top of slope protection berm. Joint separation noted in longitudinal joints in slope protection with severe vegetation in cracks and on slope protection.
185-115	I-185 NB over Stables Rd.
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching has been performed at each end of the bridge and was observed as new in 2019; however, there are multiple areas of deterioration of repair material and spalling. Vegetation has started to grow through cracking in recent joint patching. Moderate block/longitudinal cracking and raveling at each end of bridge.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 6 feet intervals. New pavement markings. Minor spall in the girder bottom flange.
Substructure:	Graffiti on bridge columns and slope protection. Soot stains on bent cap and bridge girders resulting from past fire under bridge. Cracking with minor vegetation growth on top of slope protection and along sides of end bent. Erosion and undermining along edge of slope protection berm. Moderate vegetation growth between structures.



185-315	I-185 SB over Stables Rd.
Description:	3-span AASHTO girder bridge with composite deck and integral bents and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching at each end of the bridge observed as new in 2019 with one area of deterioration in joint at the leading end of bridge. Moderate to severe block cracking and moderate to severe raveling at each end of bridge. Longitudinal cracking at trailing end of bridge.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 6-8 feet intervals and moderate delamination of concrete coating. Cracks with efflorescence buildup on deck underside. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Insignificant cracking throughout end bent backwall. Significant cracking and settlement of slope protection noted along berm. Erosion and undermining along edge of slope protection berm. Vegetation heavy along sides of end bents and creeping onto slope protection. Vegetation growing between slope protection cracks and joints. Large area of control access fencing removed at northwest corner.
185-316	I-185 SB over I-85 NB Ramp (Line 2)
Description:	3-span continuous steel plate girder bridge with composite deck and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching at each end of bridge observed as new in 2019. Moderate block/longitudinal cracking and raveling at each end of bridge. Severe alligator cracking at trailing end of bridge and asphalt shoving at leading end of bridge. Minor deterioration of asphalt joint repair material with cracks in the shoulder. Large hump in roadway at the trailing end and slight hump in roadway at the leading end. Missing guardrail blocks at southwest corner.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 5-6 feet intervals.
Substructure:	Moderate vegetation along end slopes with moderate cracking. Areas of erosion on the east side slopes.



185-117	I-185 NB over I-85
Description:	4-span continuous steel plate girder bridge with composite deck and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching at each end of the bridge observed as new in 2019; however, there are multiple spalls and cracking throughout. Moderate block/longitudinal cracking and raveling at each end of bridge. The leading end guardrail terminal has impact damage.
Superstructure:	Compression joint seals are severely deteriorated and have loss of adhesion with significant water infiltration evidence by staining on the cap and columns on Bents 1 and 3. Vertical hairline cracking along concrete bridge rail. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Vertical hairline cracks with efflorescence scattered throughout the backwalls. Hairline cracking at base of beam pedestal at Bent 1. Heavy water staining along full length of caps. Bent 1 has minor spalling with exposed rebar at bottom of column. Bent 3 cap has horizontal cracks below girders and minor spalls on the soffit with exposed rebar. Bent 3 column 3 has exposed rebar just above the slope protection. Horizontal cracking in slope protection below berm measuring greater than 1-inch in width. Moderate vegetation growth onto the slope protection, end bents, and growing in cracks.
185-317	I-185 SB over I-85
Description:	4-span simple steel plate girder bridge (simple chorded spans on curve) with composite deck and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching has been performed at each end of the bridge in 2019 only on the eastern half of the bridge. There is moderate spalling of pavement at joint between bridge deck and approach slab at each end of the trailing end of bridge. Longitudinal and alligator cracking with moderate raveling at each end. Potholes are present on the leading end.
Superstructure:	Compression joint seals are severely deteriorated and have loss of adhesion with significant water infiltration evidence by staining on the cap and columns on Bents 1 and 3. Vertical hairline cracking in concrete bridge rail at 5-6 feet intervals. Area of minor flaking paint on girders. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Water ponding on beam seat due to leaking compression joint seals. Cracking up to 1.5- inch wide in slope protection with moderate vegetation along concrete slope protection. Exposed rebar chairs in bottom of bent caps.



185-118	I-185 NB over I-185 SB Ramp (Line 7)
Description:	3-span continuous steel plate girder with composite deck and integral end bents.
Approaches:	Asphalt joint patching at each end of the bridge observed as new in 2019; however, areas of poor consolidation with spalls were noted and settlement has occurred at both approaches. Moderate to severe block/longitudinal cracking with potholes, light alligator cracking, and moderate raveling at each end of bridge.
Superstructure:	Vertical hairline cracking of concrete bridge rail at 6-8 feet intervals. Cracking with efflorescence in deck overhangs. New pavement markings.
Substructure:	Horizontal hairline cracking in the backwall was observed with minor corrosion beneath the bottom flanges. Transverse cracking and heavy vegetation noted on slope protection. Erosion of side slopes at southwest, southeast and northeast corners.



7 CONDITION SURVEY SIGN COMPONENTS

At the request of the Connector 2000 Association, Inc., a visual review of the signs was conducted. Detailed assessment using reflectometer was not conducted and is recommended as part of further evaluation. Below are the findings of the visual survey in March 2024.

Sign Description	Location and Condition	Photo
Palmetto Pass Left Lane Only	Northbound, "ONLY" illegible at night, loss of retro reflectivity; typical all similar signs	Palmetto Pass LETT LANC
Palmetto Pass	East Plaza, "ONLY" illegible at night, loss of retro reflectivity; typical all other signs	Account Holders DNLY. Palmetto Pass LEFT LANE



Sign	Location and	Photo
Description	Condition	
Exit 10 Piedmont Highway Exit	Exit 10 NB, "Pay Toll" words illegible at night, loss of retro reflectivity	EXIT 10 20 Piedmont Highway Linguixture EXACT CHANGE (150 COINS ONLY
Palmetto Pass Left Lane Only	Northbound, "ONLY" illegible at night, loss of retro reflectivity; typical all similar signs	Palmetto Pass LEFT LANE CHIESE
Palmetto Pass	West Plaza, "Only" illegible at night, loss of retro reflectivity; typical all similar signs	Account Holders ONLY Palmetto Pass LEFT LANE
Stop Ahead	Toll Plaza, "Pay Toll" illegible at night, loss of retro reflectivity; typical all similar signs	TOLL SCHEROLE CLAR-THICKS 2 AND 2 AND 2 HUMILES 4 AND 2 HUMILES 4 HUMILES 4 AND 2 HUMILES 4 HUMILES 4 HUMI



Sign	Location and	Photo
Description	Condition	
Posted Speed Limit	I-185 NB before Exit 14, loss of retro reflectivity, similar other signs	SPEED LIMIT 65
Buck Mickel Memorial Southern Connector	Loss of retro reflectivity, similar other signs	Buck Mickel Memorial Southern Connector
I-385 Destination	Southbound, number illegible, loss of retro reflectivity	I-385 Columbia 100



Sign	Location and	Photo
Description	Condition	
Exit 4 Fork Shoals Road	Exit 4 SB, "Toll" not visible at night, loss of retro reflectivity	EXIT 4 Fork Shoals Road 1 MILE EXIT EXACT CHANGE
Exit 4 Fork Shoals Road	Exit 4 SB, "Pay Toll" not visible at night, loss of retro reflectivity	EXIT 4 Fork Shoals Road EXACT CHANGE 5.50 COINS ONLY
Palmetto Pass	East Plaza, "Palmetto Pass" and Arrow illegible at night, letter degradation, loss of retro reflectivity, lighting appeared out	Polmetto Pass



Sign	Location and	Photo
Description	Condition	
SR 417 Mauldin Simpsonville	185-01, firearm damage	ATT Mauldin 7 Simpsonville
Object marker	185-01, peeling, color cracking and degraded, typically for older delineators	
Object marker	185-171, color degraded and faded	



Sign	Location and	Photo
Description	Condition	
Object marker	276-271, sign installed too low, blocked by guardrail	
Object marker	S146-001, peeling, color cracking and degraded, typically for older	

It was noted that all of the major guide signs that were illegible during the day have been replaced since the 2023 annual inspection and are expected to provide proper wayfinding in excess of the next decade.



Illegible signs from March 2022

New signs from March 2024



Signs that are deteriorated are now generally limited to tolling information signs, less critical information

signs and object markers. The illegible portions of the tolling information signs are generally limited to the yellow portions of the signs at night only, and while an overlay could be made for these portions to restore the legibility, the rest of the sign does suffer from decreased retro reflectivity based on the visual comparison with the updated cost overlays that have been installed. See the example to the right.



To minimize expenditures, it is recommended that all the toll related signs be replaced the next time the toll rate is adjusted. This would eliminate the need to procure and install new toll cost overlays for the next rate adjustment after replacing the current signs vs. if the signs were replaced immediately.

The other smaller signs denoting the toll road name, destination distances, speed limits, objects markers, and other miscellaneous information can be replaced at any time.

In addition, signs that appear in good condition should have their retro reflectivity measured to confirm they still meet requirements, and if not, the signs should be replaced as well.



8 CONDITION PHOTOGRAPHS



#1 185-171: Debris buildup full length of joint



#3 185-171: Missing MSE wall blocks



#5 185-001: Severe block cracking and potholes



#2 185-171: 4 inch thick layer added to MSE wall



#4 185-171: Tree growing on top of MSE wall



#6 185-001: Spalls in median rail





#7 185-001: Spalls in median rail



#9 185-001: Missing guardrail post blocks



#11 185-001: Missing guardrail post blocks



#8 185-001: Dead vegetation on MSE



#10 185-001: Joints cracking with vegetation growth



#12 185-002: Loose anchor bolt nut





#13 185-002: Erosion underneath approach slab



#15 185-002: Debris in joints



#17 185-002: Shoulder settlement and cracking



#14 185-002: Clogged drainage flume



#16 185-002: Shoulder settlement and cracking



#18 185-002: Slope protection cracking and settlement





#19 276-002: Clogged drainage inlet



#21 276-002: Guardrail and post damage



#23 185-271: Joint cracking in shoulders



#20 276-002: Undermining of slope protection



#22 185-271: Slope protection undermining with cracks



#24 276-271: Cracks in pavement shoulder





#25 276-271: Heavy slope protection vegetation



#27 S-144-001: Full depth crack at end of approach slab



#29 S-144-001: Animal hole with undermining of slope



#26 S-144-001: Full depth crack at end of approach slab



#28 S-144-001: Cracking in slope protection



#30 S-144-001: Flume settlement





#31 S-316-004: Concrete coating on MSE wall



#33 S-316-004: Side slope erosion



#35 185-103: Filled in pothole



#32 S-316-004: Missing blocks on top of MSE wall



#34 185-103: Moderate block and longitudinal cracking



#36 185-103: Heavy vegetation on slope protection





#37 185-303: Cracking in approach slab joint



#39 185-303: Damaged control access fence



#41 185-104: Longitudinal cracks with potholes



#38 185-303: Slope protection cracking and settlement



#40 185-104: Guardrail terminal impact damage



#42 185-304: Approach slab joint deterioration





#43 185-104: Joint deterioration adjacent to deck



#45 185-104: Streambank rip rap washing away



#47 185-304: Far approach slab, bump and cracking in shoulder



#44 185-104: Bump at end of approach slab



#46 185-304: Approach roadway block cracking



#48 185-304: Streambank erosion with fallen tree





#49 S-84-001: Severe deterioration of approach slab joint



#51 S-84-001: Missing control access fencing



#53 S-84-001: Minor cracking and settlement in slope protection



#50 S-84-001: Erosion hole



#52 S-84-001: Moderate vegetation in approach slab



#54 S-146-001: Approach slab joint deterioration





#55 S-146-001: Moderate cracking in concrete berm



#57 185-105: Exposed rebar in bottom flange



#59 185-305: Longitudinal cracks with potholes



#56 185-105: 4 inch x 1 inch deep spall in deck



#58 185-305: Damaged guardrail posts and blocks



#60 185-305: Severe streambank erosion





#61 185-305: Severe streambank erosion



#63 185-106: Longitudinal cracking in approach roadway



#65 185-306: Cracking and settlement in concrete slope protection



#62 185-106: Multiple dislodged guardrail post blocks



#64 185-106: Cracking and settlement in concrete slope



#66 185-106: Minor spall in bottom flange





#67 185-106: Minor spall in bottom flange



#69 185-107: Multiple dislodged guardrail post blocks



#71 185-107: Guardrail impact damage



#68 185-106: Rail crack with efflorescence



#70 185-307: Missing guardrail post block



#72 185-307: Cracking and vegetation growth in approach slab joint





#73 185-307: Approach slab joint pothole



#75 185-107: Cracking and settlement in slope protection



#77 185-108: Block cracking with potholes



#74 185-307: Longitudinal cracking in approach roadway



#76 185-307: Cracking and vegetation in slope protection



#78 185-108: Cracking and settlement in top berm





#79 185-308: Top berm concrete spall



#81 185-109: Severe block cracking



#83 185-309: Seal adhesion loss



#80 185-109: Clogged drainage flume



#82 185-109: Severe block cracking with pothole



#84 185-309: Cracking and settlement of concrete berm





#85 25-001: Moderate wearing and cracking in deck



#87 25-001: Cracking beneath girders and end bents



#89 25-001: Cracking and minor settlement along concrete berm



#86 25-001: Cracking beneath girders and abutments



#88 25-001: Broken curb above catch basin



#90 185-310: Longitudinal crack with pothole





#91 185-110: Deteriorated compression joint seal



#93 185-110: Dead vegetation on barrier rail



#95 185-110: Partially clogged drainage flume



#92 185-110: Broken compression joint seal



#94 185-110: Partially clogged drainage flume



#96 185-310: Undermining of end bent




#97 185-310: Undermining of end bent



#99 185-110: Streambank erosion



#101 185-311: Block cracking with potholes



#98 185-110: Streambank erosion control device



#100 185-311: Damaged block by terminal



#102 185-111: Block cracking with potholes





#103 185-311: Spall adjacent to compression joint



#105 185-311: Streambank erosion adjacent to bent



#107 185-312: Spall at bent diaphragm



#104 185-111: Erosion control device



#106 185-112: Severe block cracking



#108 185-312: Side slope erosion





#109 185-1271: Block cracking and pothole in joint



#111 185-1271: Heavy vegetation on top of berm



#113 185-113: Approach slab joint deterioration



#110 185-1271: Concrete berm crack and settlement



#112 185-313: Severe block cracking with potholes



#114 185-1272: Concrete berm cracking





#115 185-1272: Tree growing on top of berm



#117 185-314: Severe block cracking with potholes



#119 185-314: Approach slab joint deterioration



#116 185-314: Twisted guardrail blocks



#118 185-114: Approach slab joint deterioration



#120 185-114: Approach slab undermining





#121 185-115: Severe block cracking



#123 185-115: Approach slab joint deterioration



#125 185-115: Large trees growing between bridges



#122 185-315: Severe block cracking



#124 185-115: Erosion holes under slope protection



#126 185-316: Cracking and large bump in roadway





#127 185-316: Severe block cracking with potholes



#129 185-117: Severe block cracking with potholes



#131 185-117: Compression joint adhesion loss



#128 185-117: Guardrail end treatment damage



#130 185-117: Deteriorated joint with exposed plate



#132 185-317: Compression joint adhesion loss





#133 185-117: Water stains in bent cap



#135 185-117: Column spall with exposed rebar



#137 185-117: Heavy vegetation on slope protection



#134 185-317: Spall in column



#136 185-317: Column spall with exposed rebar



#138 185-118: Severe block cracking





#139 185-118: Severe block cracking



#141 185-118: Cracks in slope protection



#140 185-118: Approach slab joint depressions



9 APPENDIX

9.1 Condition Survey Sketches

1.	185-171	38. 185-115
2.	185-001	39. 185-315

- 3. 185-002 40. 185-316
- 4. 276-002 41. 185-117
- 5. 185-271 42. 185-317 43. 185-118
- 6. 276-271
- 7. S-144-001
- 8. S-316-004
- 9. 185-103
- 10. 185-303
- 11. 185-104
- 12. 185-304
- 13. S-84-001
- 14. S-146-001
- 15. 185-105
- 16. 185-305
- 17. 185-106
- 18. 185-306
- 19. 185-107
- 20. 185-307
- 21. 185-108
- 22. 185-308
- 23. 185-109 24. 185-309
- 25. S-25-001
- 26. 185-110
- 27. 185-310
- 28. 185-111
- 29. 185-311
- 30. 185-112
- 31. 185-312
- 32. 185-113
- 33. 185-313
- 34. 185-1271
- 35. 185-1272
- 36. 185-114
- 37. 185-314











GUARDRAIL ALL CORNERS

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE MINOR DAMAGES

JOINT IN PAVEMENT GOOD

APPROACH SLAB NEWLY PAVED. CRACKS AT END OF JOINTS.

DRAINAGE POOR

PAVEMENT MARKINGS OLD

DECK DEBRIS

JOINTS PATCHED

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKING @ 5' SPA

BEARINGS N/A

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION SEVERE ALONG BOTH END BENTS & ON S.P.

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING 1/8" CRACKING & VEGETATION

SEATS GOOD CAP ON PILES. HAIRLINE CRACKING BETWEEN GIRDERS AND ABUTMENT AT ENDS

CAPS GOOD

COLUMNS (3) PER BENT

FOUNDATIONS N/A

CONCRETE SLOPE LIGHT VEG. & CRACKING, SEPARATION W/ VEG. PROTECTION GROWTH & UNDERMINING



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD GUARDRAIL ALL CORNERS MEDIUM TO 1"CRACK.NEWLY PATCHED BRIDGE TYPE 3-SPAN CONTINUOUS STEEL PG

SUPERSTRUCTURE

DECK GOOD, OVERHANG EXPOSED REBAR

JOINTS GOOD

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKING @ 4' SPA

BEARINGS GOOD

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION ON SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION NONE

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING EDGES & CORNERS OF SLOPE PROTECTION

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END 🛛 🗆	
SEATS <u>N/A</u>	
ABUTMENT CAP ON PILES	
NORTH FACE MINOR HAIRLINE CRAC CAPS <u>P2 ABOVE C3</u>	CKING AT
FOUNDATIONS N/A	
CONCRETE SLOPE MINOR CRACKING & VEGETA PROTECTION <u>1"-2" SETTLEMENT AT TOP &</u>	TION IN MIDDLE

2024 ASSESSMENT: TOM/COX

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

APPROACH SLAB MEDIUM RAVEL

PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL & MODERATE BLOCK CRACKING

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE NONE

DRAINAGE GOOD

 BRIDGE NO.
 276-271
 ROAD OVER
 US 276 EB



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
PAVEMENT GOOD
GUARDRAIL ALL CORNERS
ANCHORAGE GOOD
TERMINUS GOOD
DAMAGE NONE
JOINT IN PAVEMENT PAVED
APPROACH SLAB LIGHT CRACKING AT END
DRAINAGE GOOD
PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 3-SPAN CONTINUOUS STEEL PG

MINOR HAIRLINE/ GAP CRACK DEBRIS IN SHOULDER

JOINTS PATCHED

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKING

BEARINGS GOOD

GIRDERS GOOD, FRECKLED RUST

SITE

VEGETATION ON SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

DANK ENOSION

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING GOOD

SUBSTRUCTURE

$\stackrel{Y}{\blacksquare}$ INTEGRAL END \blacksquare \Box		
SEATS N/A		
ABUTMENT CAP ON PILES, MEDIUM CRACK AT END		
CAPS HAIRLINE CRACK IN ABUTMENT AND BOTTOM CAP		
COLUMNS GOOD		
FOUNDATIONS N/A		
CONCRETE CRACKING W/ HEAVY VEGETATION IN JOINT SLOPE CRACKING AT TOP PROTECTION GAP B/W SEGMENT		



PAVEMENT MARKINGS FAIR TO POOR



CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD LOW RUTTING.LIGHT CRACKING & **PAVEMENT** <u>SEVERE/MODER</u>ATE RAVEL GUARDRAIL ALL CORNERS ANCHORAGE GOOD TERMINUS GOOD DAMAGE NONE JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED. CRACKS FORMING IN JOINTS. APPROACH SLAB LONG CRACKING DRAINAGE VEGETATION IN FLUME PAVEMENT MARKINGS POOR ON BRIDGE, GOOD ON APPROACHES

SUPERSTRUCTURE

(5 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN) BRIDGE TYPE MSE WALL ABUTMENTS DECK SEDIMENT BUILD UP IN SHOULDER JOINTS INTEGRAL RAILS MEDIUM CRACKS AT 8'

BEARINGS EXPOSED BEARINGS

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION MODERATE VEG. ALONG EB'S &

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION \checkmark UNDERMINING $\underline{N/A}$

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END 🛛 🖂		
SEATS N/A		
ABUTMENT CAP ON PILES, EXPOSED REBAR		
CAPS GOOD		
COLUMNS TWO COLUMNS		
FOUNDATIONS N/A		
CONCRETE SLOPE PROTECTION N/A		





SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD

PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL & LONG CRACKING

GUARDRAIL ALL CORNERS

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE NONE

JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED, 1" CRACK

APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL & LONG CRACKING

DRAINAGE CLEAR

PAVEMENT MARKINGS GOOD

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 5 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN

MEDIUM CRACKING/POOR GROOVING DECK CRACKS W/ EFFLORESCENCE IN OVERHANGS

JOINTS INTEGRAL

HAIRLINE CRACKING @ 5'-6' RAILS CONSTRUCTED W/ CONTROL JOINTS

BEARINGS GOOD

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION SIGNIFICANT ALONG SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

SUBSTRUCTURE

 INTEGRAL END
 Y
 N

 SEATS
 N/A

 CAP
 ON_PILES, CRACKING WITH EFFLORESCENCE

 BELOW
 BEEAMS AT CONSTRUCTION JOINT,

 ABUTMENT
 VEGETATION

 CAPS
 AT CONSTRUCTION JOINT

 COLUMNS
 PAINTED OVER GRAFFITI & VINES

 FOUNDATIONS
 N/A

 CONCRETE
 MODERATE TO HEAVY HEGETATION DEBRIS

 SLOPE
 PILED UP @ BASE OF SLOPE PROTECTION

 PROTECTION
 SEPARATION W/ VEGETATION GROWTH



PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW MARKINGS

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING RUTTING ON END SLOPE



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD MODERATE RAVEL/LIGHT BLOCK CRACKING, PAVEMENT LOW GATOR

GUARDRAIL GOOD

GUARDRAIL 0000

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE GOOD

JOINT IN PAVEMENT JOINT SEPARATION, PATCHED WITH BUMP

APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL/LIGHT GATOR CRACKING

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW MARKINGS

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 5 AASHTO BULB TEES/SPAN

DECK MEDIUM CRACK AND MINOR WEARING

JOINTS INTEGRAL

HAIRLINE CRACKING @ 6'-O' SPACING RAILS CONSTRUCTED W/ CONTROL JOINTS

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION ALONG ABUTMENTS & COLUMNS

SCOUR / STREAM BANK SLUMPING WITH TREE FALLING IN BANK EROSION STREAM

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING RUTTING ALONG ABUTMENTS

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END		
SEATS N/A		
ABUTMENT LIGHT EFFLORESCENCE AT BOTTOM FLANGES		
CAPS GOOD		
COLUMNS LIGHT VEGETATION		
FOUNDATIONS N/A		
CONCRETE SLOPE		

PROTECTION EROSION RUTTING IN SLOPE









SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
PAVEMENT MOD. BLACK, MOD. RAVEL
GUARDRAIL (3) CORNERS
ANCHORAGE GOOD
TERMINUS GOOD
DAMAGE NONE
JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED WITH DETERIORATION
APPROACH SLAB MOD. TO SEVERE RAVEL, LONG. CR.
DRAINAGE GOOD
PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW MARKINGS

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE <u>6 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN</u>
DECK <u>MEDIUM CRACKING AND WEARING</u>
JOINTS INTEGRAL
RAILS HAIRLINE CRACKING AT 10' SPACING
BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM
GIRDERS <u>GOOD</u>
<u>SITE</u>
VEGETATION <u>ABUTMENTS, COLUMNS AND OVERHANGS</u>
SCOUR /
BANK EROSION <u>SEVERE EROSION WITH VERTICAL BANKS</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING EROSION RUTTS ON SLOPE

SUBSTRUCTURE

Y N INTEGRAL END 🛛 🗆		
SEATS N/A		
ABUTMENT CAP ON PILES		
CAPS VEG. ON BENT CAPS		
COLUMNS VEG. ON COLUMNS		
FOUNDATIONS N/A		
CONCRETE SLOPE PROTECTION N/A		



CONDITION SURVEY

SUPERSTRUCTURE

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
PAVEMENT RUTTING, MODERATE RAVEL, MODERATE BLOCK CRACKING
GUARDRAIL (3) CORNERS
ANCHORAGE GOOD
TERMINUS GOOD
DAMAGE AT END LONGITUDINAL FROM BRIDGE
JOINT IN PAVEMENT GOOD
APPROACH SLAB MODERATE TO SEVERE RAVEL
DRAINAGE PART BLOCKED
PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

BRIDGE TYPE <u>6 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN</u>
DECK EFFLORESCENCE ON ENDS
JOINTS INTEGRAL
RAILS MEDIUM CRACKING AT SPACES
BEARINGS GOOD
GIRDERS GOOD
SITE
VEGETATION ON S.P.
SCOUR / BANK FROSTON NONE

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING NONE

SEATS GOOD ABUTMENT EFFLORESCENCE AND CRACKING CAPS GOOD COLUMNS VINES FOUNDATIONS GOOD

SUBSTRUCTURE

Y N

INTEGRAL END

CONCRETE SLOPE MODERATE VEGETATION PROTECTION VEGETATION GROWTH IN JOINT



CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD PAVEMENT MOD. RAVEL, SEVERE BLOCK. GUARDRAIL (3) CORNERS ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE TWISTED BLOCKS

JOINT IN PAVEMENT GOOD

APPROACH SLAB GOOD

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 6 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN

DECK MEDIUM CRACKING

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS HAIRLINE CRRACKS @ 6' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION ON SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

BRAIN ENOSION

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

SUBSTRUCTURE INTEGRAL END Y SEATS GOOD ABUTMENT GAPS WITH VEGETATION CRACKS BELOW GIRDERS AND AT ENDS CAPS GOOD COLUMNS (3) PER BENT, VINES, GRAFFITI FOUNDATIONS GOOD CONCRETE SLOPE PROTECTION GRAFFITI



* HEAVILY SKEWED BRIDGE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD MODERATE RAVEL/SEVERE GATOR WITH POTHOLES, SEVERE BLOCK AND LONGITUDINAL CRACKS GUARDRAIL DAMAGE

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE GOOD

JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED, JOINT CRACKS IN SHOULDERS

APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL/LONGITUDINAL CRACKS

DRAINAGE PARTIALLY BLOCKED

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

SUBSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 6 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN

DECK MINOR CRACKS IN DECK/EFFLORESCENCE IN OVERHANGS

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKS @ 6' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION ON SLOPE PROTECTION, AND OVERHANGS

SCOUR / BANK EROSION N/A

SLOPE EROSION \checkmark UNDERMINING $\underline{N/A}$

Y N INTEGRAL END SEATS GOOD ABUTMENT CAP ON PILES HORIZONTAL CRACKS WITH EFFLORESCENCE AT COLUMNS MINOR VEGETATION FOUNDATIONS GOOD CONCRETE SLOPE HEAVY VEGETATION AND CRACKS UP TO 1"
PROTECTION WIDE WITH SETTLEMENT



* HEAVILY SKEWED BRIDGE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD LIGHT TO MODERATE RAVEL,LONGIDUTINAL CRACK PAVEMENT AND LIGHT GATOR

GUARDRAIL MISSING, DAMAGE DISLODGED BLOCKS

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE GOOD

JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED, MINOR DAMAGE AND SETTLEMENT

APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL/LONGITUDINAL CRACKS

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE <u>6 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN</u>

TRANSVERSE CRACKS ADJACENT TO JOINT, MEDIUM CRACKS DECK AND WEARING

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKS @ 6' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION ON SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

DANK ERUSIUN

SLOPE EROSION \checkmark UNDERMINING $\underline{N/A}$

SUBSTRUCTURE

Y N INTEGRAL END 🛛 🗖		
SEATS GOOD		
ABUTMENT CAP ON PILES		
ABUTMENT 1 AND 2, HORIZONTAL CRACK WITH CAPS EFFLORESCENCE		
COLUMNS LIGHT VEGETATION		
FOUNDATIONS GOOD		
CONCRETE SLOPE ABUTMENT 1 TOP OF BERM 2"SETTLEMENT, PROTECTION TREE AND MOD.VEG.GROWING BETWEEN JTS.		



CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD MODERATE RAVEL, LONGIDUTINAL CRACK AND LIGHT PAVEMENT GATOR GUARDRAIL MISSING BLOCK ANCHORAGE GOOD TERMINUS GOOD DAMAGE GOOD JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED WITH SETTLEMENT APPROACH SLAB SEVERE RAVEL AND BLOCK DRAINAGE 1/2 CLOGGED FLUME PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE <u>5 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN</u>

TRANSVERSE CRACKS ADJACENT TO JOINT, MEDIUM CRACKS DECK AND WEARING

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS SPALLS AND HAIRLINE CRACKS @ 6' SPACING,

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION ALONG ABUTMENTS AND ON SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

SUBSTRUCTURE

 INTEGRAL END
 Y
 N

 SEATS
 GOOD

 ABUTMENT
 CAP ON PILES

 ABUTMENT
 1 AND 2, HORIZONTAL CRACK WITH

 CAPS
 EFFLORESCENCE

 COLUMNS
 VEGETATION, PATCHES AT TOP

 FOUNDATIONS
 GOOD

 CONCRETE
 1.5:1 SLOPES

 PROTECTION
 HEAVY

 VEGETATION
 AND

 CRACKS
 ALONG BERM



CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD

PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL/SEVERE BLOCK

GUARDRAIL GOOD

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE GOOD

JOINT IN PAVEMENT LIGHT SETTLEMENT

APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL/SEVERE BLOCK

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

(6 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN) BRIDGE TYPE <u>CONCRETE CAPS ON CONCRETE PILES</u>

DECK MEDIUM CRACKS

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKS AT 6'SPA.

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION HEAVY ALONG ABUTMENTS AND SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING <u>N/A</u>

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END X N

SEATS GOOD

ABUTMENT CRACKS WITH EFFLORESCENCE, GRAFFITI ON WINGWALLS

CAPS LOTS OF PATCHES ON BENT CAPS

COLUMNS VEGETATION

FOUNDATIONS GOOD

CONCRETE 1.5 :1 SLOPES SLOPE CRACKS WITH 1" SETTLEMENT, HEAVY PROTECTION VEGETATION



CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL, SEVERE BLOCK
GUARDRAIL (3) CORNERS
ANCHORAGE GOOD
TERMINUS GOOD
DAMAGE GOOD
JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED 2020
APPROACH SLAB LONGITUDINAL CRACKS
DRAINAGE COMPLETELY BLOCKED WITH VEG.
PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 6 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN

HORIZONTAL CRACKS AND WEARING DEBRIS IN JOINT DECK SHOULDER

JOINTS EXPANSION JOINT AT BENT, ADHESION LOSS

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKS AT 6' TO 8' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION HEAVY ALONG SLOPE PROTECTION AND OVERHANGS

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING <u>N/A</u>

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END 🛛 🖄 🗆

SEATS GOOD HORIZONTAL CRACKS IN BACKWALL BELOW GIRDERS WITH EFFLORESCENCE, WATER ABUTMENT LEAKAGE EVIDENT

CAPS BENT STEP CRACK WITH EFFLORESCENCE

COLUMNS DEAD VEGETATION

FOUNDATIONS GOOD

CONCRETE SLOPE HEAVY VEGETATION AND CRACKS ON TOP OF PROTECTION BERM



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL, LONG, CR. AND SEVERE BLOCK
GUARDRAIL DISLODGED BLOCK
ANCHORAGE GOOD
TERMINUS GOOD
DAMAGE GOOD
JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED 2020
APPROACH SLAB MODERATE/SEVERE RAVEL.
APPROACH SLAB MODERATE/SEVERE RAVEL.
DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 8 BULB TEE MAIN SPAN, 8 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN

DECK MEDIUM TRANSVERSE CRACKS AND ABRASION

EXPANSION JOINTS AT BENTS JOINTS MINOR DEBRIS IN SHOULDER ADHESION LOSS

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKS AT 6' TO 8' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION HEAVY ALONG SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END

ABUTMENT HORIZONTAL CRACKS IN BACKWALL BELOW

CAPS WATER LEAKAGE EVIDENT, GRIFFITI

COLUMNS GRIFFITI

FOUNDATIONS GOOD

CONCRETE SLOPE HEAVY VEG.AND CR.1"SETTLEMENT ON TOP PROTECTION OF BERM



BRIDGE TYPE 12 AASHTO BULB TEES/SPANS

 MODERATE CRACKS AND WEARING

 DECK
 SEDIMENT BUILDUP IN SOUTHWEST CORNER

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS HORIZONTAL CRACKING AT 6' TO 8' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

MINOR EXPOSED REBAR SPAN 1, GIRDER 5 AND GIRDERS SPAN 2

SITE

VEGETATION VINES AND VEGETATION ON SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION N/A

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING $\underline{N/A}$

Y N INTEGRAL END SEATS GOOD ABUTMENT GOOD CRACKS WITH EFFLORESCENCE IN WINGWALLS CAPS HORIZONTAL CRACKS BETWEEN POURS IN BACKWALL COLUMNS 5 COLUMNS FOUNDATIONS GOOD CONCRETE SLOPE SLOPE CRACKING AND SETTLEMENT PROTECTION VEGETATION BETWEEN SEGMENTS AND IN CRACKS

2024 ASSESSMENT: TOM/COX

GUARDRAIL MINOR KINK/DISLODGED BLOCKS ANCHORAGE GOOD TERMINUS GOOD DAMAGE KINK JOINT IN PAVEMENT DEPRESSIONS THROUGHOUT

PAVEMENT GOOD

SIGNS DELINEATORS - GOOD, (1) - BLOCKED

APPROACH SLAB LIGHT RAVEL

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS POOR



APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL/BLOCK CRACKING

DRAINAGE PARTIALLY CLOGGED, PARTIALLY BLOCKED

PAVEMENT MARKINGS MOSTLY GOOD

VEGETATION HEAVY AT BENTS AND COLUMNS

SCOUR / BANK EROSION RUTTING ONABUTMENT FILL SLOPES EROSION AT SOUTH BANK, EROSION CONTROL DEVICE SLOPE EROSION CN. BANK / UNDERMINING FLOWABLE FILL ADDED PILE BENTS HEAVY VEGETATION AND CONCRETE PATCHES COLUMNS THROUGHOUT SLOPE PROTECTION RUTTING IN EARTH PROTECTION



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL MODERATE/SEVERE BLOCK
GUARDRAIL (3) CORNERS
ANCHORAGE GOOD
TERMINUS GOOD
DAMAGE GOOD
JOINT IN PAVEMENT GOOD
JOINT IN PAVEMENT GOOD
APPROACH SLAB MODERATE TO SEVERE RAVEL
DRAINAGE CLOGGED
PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW MARKINGS

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE SLAB AND 5 GIRDERS

CRACKING IN SOFFIT DECK HORIZONTAL CRACKS AND WEAR

JOINTS DEBRIS AND ADHESION LOSS

MEDIUM CRACKS 5'-6' SPACING

BEARINGS GOOD

GIRDERS PATCHES IN BOTTOM GLANGES

SITE

ALONG ABUTMENTS, BENTS, COLUMNS, DECK SOFFIT

SCOUR / BANK EROSION RUTTING AND VERTICAL BANKS

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING <u>ABUTMENT FILL SLOPES</u>

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END	YN XX	
SEATS GOOD		
ABUTMENT WATER INFILTRATING		
CAPS WATER INFILTRATING		
COLUMNS HEAVY VEGETATION		
FOUNDATIONS GOOD		
CONCRETE SLOPE PROTECTION RUTT	ING IN EARTH SLOPES	


PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW MARKINGS

SLOPE EROSION RUTTING ALONG ABUTMENT
/ UNDERMINING FILL SLOPES



CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD MODERATE RAVEL PAVEMENT MODERATE TO SEVERE BLOCK CRACKING

GUARDRAIL (3) CORNERS

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE DAMAGED NEAR TERMINAL

JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED AND SETTLEMENT

APPROACH SLAB LIGHT BLOCK/MODERATE RAVEL

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW MARKINGS

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE SLAB (2-3 SPAN CONTINUOUS)

MINOR HORIZONTAL CRACKING DECK CRACKS IN SOFFIT WITH EFFLORESCENCE

JOINTS DETERIORATED MAINLY IN SHOULDERS

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKING

BEARINGS GOOD

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION MODERATE AT BENTS, COLUMNS AND DECK SOFFIT

SCOUR / SCOUR ALONG STREAMBANK BOTH SIDES,LINED BANK EROSION WITH RIP RAP

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING RUTTING ON ABUTMENT FILL SLOPES

SUBSTRUCTURE





SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
PAVEMENT MODERATE BLOCK CRACKING AND MODERATE RAVEL
GUARDRAIL (2) CORNERS
ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE GOOD

JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED 2020, SETTLEMENT

APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL AND LONGITUDINAL CRACKING

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

<u>SUPERSTRUCTURE</u>

BRIDGE TYPE <u>6 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN</u>

DECK MINOR HORIZONTAL CRACKING

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKS AT 10' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGMS

GIRDERS MINOR GRAFFITI

SITE

VEGETATION ALONG SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

DAINK ERUSIUN

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

SUBSTRUCTURE

 Y
 N

 INTEGRAL END
 M

 SEATS
 GOOD

 ABUTMENT
 GOOD

 CAPS
 BELOW GIRDERS

 COLUMNS
 (3) PER BENT, PAINTED OVER GRAFFITI

 FOUNDATIONS
 GOOD

 CONCRETE
 CRACK AT TOP OF BERM AND THROUGHOUT, PROTECTION

 UNDERMINING
 ANIMAL HOLE



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL, LONG. CR. AND SEVERE BLOCK
GUARDRAIL GOOD
ANCHORAGE NE GUARDRAIL ATTACHMENT MISSING (1) BOLT
TERMINUS GOOD
DAMAGE GOOD
JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED, CRACKS IN JOINT, SLIGHT BUMP
APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL.
DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 4 AASHTO BULB TEES/SPAN

DECK DEAD VEGETATION AT ENDS

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS HORIZONTAL CRACKS AT 8' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

ALONG ABUTMENT ON SLOPE PROTECTION, BERM, VEGETATION AND OVERHANGS

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING <u>N/A</u>

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END R N SEATS GOOD ABUTMENT GOOD HORIZONTAL CRACKS AT CONSTRUCTION JOINT IN CAPS BACKWALL COLUMNS GRIFFITI, (2) PER BENT FOUNDATIONS GOOD CONCRETE SLOPE 1.5:1 SLOPES, TREES ON BERM, PROTECTION HEAVY VEGETATION



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SUPERSTRUCTURE

SUBSTRUCTURE

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD	
PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL, MEDIUM BLOCK CRACKING	
GUARDRAIL GOOD	
ANCHORAGE GOOD	
TERMINUS GOOD	
DAMAGE GOOD	
JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED WITH SPALLS AND CRACKING, SETTLE	MENT
MODERATE RAVEL/BLOCK AND GATOR APPROACH SLAB <u>CRACKING</u>	
DRAINAGE GOOD	
PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW	

BRIDGE TYPE 6 BULB TEES/SPAN

DECK HORIZONTAL CRACKING AND WEAR

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKING AT 6'-8' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION HEAVY ON TOP OF BERMS

SCOUR / BANK EROSION N/A

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

Y N INTEGRAL END 🛛 🗆				
SEATS GOOD				
ABUTMENT GOOD				
HORIZONTAL CRACKS AT CONSTRUCTION JOINT IN				
COLUMNS GRAFFITI, (3) PER BENT				
FOUNDATIONS GOOD				
CONCRETE SLOPE 1.5:1 SLOPES, MINOR GRAFFITI, PROTECTION <u>CRACKING ALONG BERM</u>				



MEDIAN SIDE

SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD

PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL, SEVERE BLOCK

GUARDRAIL (2) CORNERS

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE GOOD

JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED, SPALLS, CRACKS AND SETTLEMENT

APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL, LONGITUDINAL CRACKING

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 6 AASHTO BULB TEES/SPAN

DECK HORIZONTAL CRACKING AND WEARING

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKING AT 8' SPACING WITH EFFLORESCENCE

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION HEAVY TOP OF BERM

SCOUR / BANK EROSION N/A

SLOPE EROSION \checkmark UNDERMINING $\underline{N/A}$

SUBSTRUCTURE Y N

INTEGRAL END SEATS GOOD ABUTMENT GOOD BENT 1 PATCH REPAIR, GRAFFITI, CRACK BELOW GIRDERS IN ABUTMENT COLUMNS GRIFFITI, (3) PER BENT FOUNDATIONS GOOD CONCRETE 1.5:1 SLOPES. SLOPE HEAVY VEGETATION AND CRACKING ON TOP PROTECTION OF BERM, GRIFFITI



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

SUPERSTRUCTURE

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL, MODERATE TO SEVERE BLOCK
GUARDRAIL GOOD
ANCHORAGE GOOD
TERMINUS GOOD
DAMAGE GOOD
DAMAGE GOOD
JOINT IN PAVEMENT DEPRESSIONS THROUGHOUT
APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL
DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

BRIDGE TYPE 4 BULB TEES/SPAN

DECK GOOD

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKS AT 8' SPACING, HORIZONTAL BACKSIDE

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

BANK ERUSIUN

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

SUBSTRUCTURE

Y N INTEGRAL END ⊠ □				
SEATS GOOD				
ABUTMENT GOOD				
CAPS <u>GRAFFITI, RACKS BELOW GIRDERS IN BACKWALL</u>				
COLUMNS MODERATE VEGETATION, (2) PER BENT				
FOUNDATIONS GOOD				
CONCRETE 1.5:1 SLOPES, HEAVY VEGETATION AND SLOPE CRACKING TOP OF BERM, PROTECTION <u>SLOPE PROTECTION SETTLEMENT</u>				

BRIDGE NO. 185-114 / BUILT 1999

ROAD OVER ______I-185 NB

FACILITY UNDER SC 153

MEDIAN SIDE



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

SUPERSTRUCTURE

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD MODERATE RAVEL, BLOCK CRACKING, LONGITUDINAL PAVEMENT CRACKING GUARDRAIL (2) CORNERS ANCHORAGE GOOD TERMINUS GOOD DAMAGE DAMAGED AT BROKEN POST JOINT IN PAVEMENT AND CRACKING MODERATE RAVEL/LIGHT BLOCK, APPROACH SLAB LONGITUDINAL CRACKING, UNDERMINING DRAINAGE GOOD PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

BRIDGE TYPE <u>7 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN</u> POOR GROOVING THROUGHOUT DECK <u>MINOR HORIZONTAL CRACKING AND WEAR</u>

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKS @ 6' TO 8' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION HEAVY ALONG SLOPE PROTECTION

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END Y N SEATS GOOD ABUTMENT GOOD HORIZONTAL CRACKS WITH EFFLORESCENCE IN CAPS CONSTRUCTION JOINT IN BACKWALL COLUMNS (3) PER BENT FOUNDATIONS GOOD CONCRETE

SLOPE PROTECTION CRACKING ON TOP OF BERM

BRIDGE NO. 185-314

ROAD OVER _ I-185 SB

FACILITY UNDER SC 153

DATE MARCH 2024



MEDIAN SIDE

SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD
 MODERATE
 TO
 SEVERE
 RAVEL

 PAVEMENT
 MODERATE
 TO
 SEVERE
 BLOCK
 CRACKING
 GUARDRAIL GOOD ANCHORAGE GOOD TERMINUS GOOD DAMAGE 75' FROM BRIDGE JOINT IN PAVEMENT 1/2" SETTLEMENT APPROACH SLAB DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE <u>6 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN</u>

DECK CRACKS AND WEARING

JOINTS INTEGRAL

RAILS MEDIUM CRACKING WITH EFFLORESCENCE AT 6'-8' SPACING

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION ALONG SLOPE PROTECTION AND OVERHANGS

SCOUR / BANK EROSION N/A

SLOPE EROSION \checkmark UNDERMINING $\underline{N/A}$

SUBSTRUCTURE

Y N INTEGRAL END SEATS GOOD ABUTMENT GOOD HORIZONTAL CRACKS BETWEEN CONSTRUCTION JOINT CAPS IN BACKWALL COLUMNS VEGETATION AT BOTTOM FOUNDATIONS GOOD CONCRETE CRACKING ALONG BERM, HEAVY VEGETATION, SLOPE COATING APPLIED TO GRAFFITI, PROTECTION <u>1"SETTLEMENT TOP OF BERM</u>

BRIDGE NO. 185-115	ROAD OVER _I-185 NB	FACILITY UNDER	STABLES RD.	DATE MARCH 2024
T T I DI JT. DETERIORATION MOD. BLOCK AND L/T CR. POTHOLES	ME S.P. CR. 1/2"SETTLEMENT	DIAN SIDE S.P. CR. DEAD VEG. S.P. CR. AND 2" SETTLEMENT S.P. VEG.	CB UIII I I I I T GATOR CR. PC MOD.	T T DTHOLES BLOCK CR. I I SROWING THROUGH JT.
INT 		ALL IN DIAPH. ¦ ANIMAL—/ HOLE INT.	TO I-85 MISSING FENCE	

SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD PAVEMENT MODERATE RAVEL, MODERATE BLOCK AND LONGITUDINAL CRACKING GUARDRAIL (3) CORNERS ANCHORAGE GOOD TERMINUS GOOD DAMAGE GOOD JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED, POTHOLES THROUGHOUT APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL, LONGITUDINAL CRACKING DRAINAGE GOOD PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 5 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN

DECK WEARING

JOINTS INTEGRAL

PEETING COATING, MEDIUM CRACKING AT 6' SPACING, RAILS <u>EFFLORESCENCE ON BACKSIDE</u>

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION ALONG SLOPE PROTECTION AND ON SIDES

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

DANK ENUSION

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

SUBSTRUCTURE

 INTEGRAL END
 Y
 N

 SEATS
 GOOD

 ABUTMENT
 GOOD

 SMOKE
 STAIN FROM FIRE

 CAPS
 HORIZONTAL CRACKS IN BACKWALL BELOW GIRDERS

 COLUMNS
 GRAFFITI, (3) PER BENT

 FOUNDATIONS
 GOOD

 CONCRETE
 COYERED

 CONCRETE
 COYERED GRAFFITI, SLOPE PROTECTION

 CAPE
 TREES

 BUTH
 STILEMENT, LARGE

 SLOPE
 TREES

 PROTECTION
 YEGETATION ON SIDES, UNDERMINING



MEDIAN SIDE

SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD SEVERE RAVEL, MODERATE TO SEVERE BLOCK, PAVEMENT LIGHT GATOR CRACKING

GUARDRAIL (3) CORNERS

ANCHORAGE GOOD

TERMINUS GOOD

DAMAGE GOOD

PATCHED, DETERIORATED, JOINT IN PAVEMENT DEPRESSIONS THROUGHOUT

SEVERE RAVEL, MODERATE BLOCK AND LIGHT

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

BRIDGE TYPE 5 AASHTO GIRDERS/SPAN

DECK WEARING WITH POOR GROOVING

JOINTS INTEGRAL

HEAVY EFFLORESCENCE, PEELING COATING RAILS BACKSIDE HORIZONTAL CRACKING 6'-8' SPACING,

BEARINGS FULL DEPTH CONCRETE DIAPHRAGM

GIRDERS GRAFFITI ON BENT 1 END

SITE

VEGETATION SIGNIFICANT ALONG SLOPE PROTECTION SIDES

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END X N SEATS GOOD ABUTMENT GOOD MINOR CRACKING WIHT EFFLORESCENCE, CAPS <u>1"SETTLEMENT IN TOP OF BERM</u> COLUMNS PAINTED OVER GRAFFITI FOUNDATIONS GOOD CRACKING AND VEGETATION BETWEEN JOINT

CONCRETE	CRACKING AND VEGETATION BETWEEN JOINT
SL OPF	AND TOP OF BERM, GAPS WITH VEGETATION, UNDERMINING ALONG EDGES, PAINTED OVER
PROTECTION	GRAFFITI, TREE GROWING ON SLOPE PROTECTION



DAMAGE GOOD

JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED, JOINT CRACKING THROUGHOUT

APPROACH SLAB

DRAINAGE GOOD

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW MARKINGS

BEARINGS BENT ANCHOR

GIRDERS GOOD

SITE

VEGETATION MODERATE

SCOUR / BANK EROSION EROSION OF SLOPE

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A

CONCRETE MODERATE VINE AND TREE UNDERMINING SLOPE AT ANIMAL DWELLING ALONG EDGES, PROTECTION CRACKS THROUGHOUT

FOUNDATIONS GOOD



DRAINAGE JOINTS LEAKING ONTO BENTS

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A



SPILL THRU TYPE

CONDITION SURVEY

APPROACHES

SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD PAVEMENT LIGHT GATOR, LONGITUDINAL CRACKING, MODERATE RAVEL GUARDRAIL (4) CORNERS ANCHORAGE GOOD TERMINUS GOOD DAMAGE GOOD JOINT IN PAVEMENT NEWLY PATCHED SPALLING APPROACH SLAB GATOR, MODERATE RAVEL DRAINAGE JOINT SEALS ARE BROKEN WITH LOSS OF ADHESION

PAVEMENT MARKINGS NEW

SUPERSTRUCTURE

5 STEEL PLATE GIRDERS, SIMPLE SPAN BRIDGE TYPE TAPERED EXTERIOR GIRDER AT END SPANS

DECK CRACKS IN DECK AND OVERHANGS

JOINTS DEBRIS IN SHOULDER, LOSS OF ADHESION, DETERIORATION

CRACK AT 5'-6' SPACINGS. RAILS BACKSIDE CRACKS WITH EFFLORESCENCE

BEARINGS GOOD

GIRDERS GOOD

<u>SITE</u> VINES GROWING ON ROADWAY APPROACH AND VEGETATION <u>SLOPE PROTECTION</u>

SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>

SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING <u>N/A</u>

SUBSTRUCTURE

INTEGRAL END Z N SEATS WATER INFILTRATION ABUTMENT GOOD LEAKAGE ON CAPS, CRACKS IN BACKWALL BETWEEN CAPS BEAMS COLUMNS WATER STAINS, DEAD VINES FOUNDATIONS GOOD CONCRETE SLOPE PROTECTION VEGETATION AND CRACKS

BRIDCE NO	ROAD OVERNB	FACILITY UNDER _ I-85 SB RAMP (LINE 7)	DATEMARCH 2024
SLOPE EROSIO	N	,	*HEAVY SKEW
	i	i	JT. DEPRESSION
T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	S.P. VEG.	S.P. CR.	TT T PATCHED POTHOLES SEVERE BLOCK CR. MOD. RAVEL
EXIT 14B		OPEN DECK DRAINS (TYP.) INT. INT. TO GRE	ENVILLE
	<u>SFILL</u>		
	CONDIT	ION SURVEY	
APPROACHES	SUPER	<u>STRUCTURE</u>	SUBSTRUCTURE
SIGNS (2) DELINEATORS - GOOD	BRIDGE TYPE <u>3-SPAN CONT</u>	INUOUS STEEL PLATE GIRDER, 8 GIRDERS INTEGRAL EN	Y N D ⊠ □
MODERATE TO SEVERE BLOCK CRACKING, MOD PAVEMENT RAVEL, LIGHT GATOR CRACKING	DERATE DECK WEARING AND CRACKS	IN OVERHANG AND DECK SEATS GOOD	
GUARDRAIL (3) CORNERS	JOINTS INTEGRAL	ABUTMENT	00D
ANCHORAGE GOOD	RAILS CRACKS AT 6'-8' SPA	CING CAPS CRACKS	BETWEEN POURS IN BACKWALL
TERMINUS GOOD	BEARINGS GOOD	COLUMNS (4)	PER BENT
DAMAGE GOOD	GIRDERS GOOD	FOUNDATIONS	5 <u>GOOD</u>
JOINT IN PAVEMENT PATCHED, POOR CONSOLIDATION,	POTHOLES AND SETTLEMENT	SITE CONCRETE SLOPE PROTECTION	MODERATE VEGETATION AND CRACKS UP TO 1/4" WIDE
SEVERE BLOCK CRACKING, APPROACH SLAB MODERATE RAVEL	VEGETATION N/A		
DRAINAGE GOOD	SCOUR / BANK EROSION <u>N/A</u>		
PAVEMENT MARKINGS <u>NEW MARKINGS</u>	SLOPE EROSION / UNDERMINING N/A	2024 #	ASSESSMENT: TOM/COX